FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alma, Nebraska

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alma, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alma, Nebraska, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Alma, Nebraska, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Alma, Nebraska's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

SHAREHOLDERS:

Robert D. Almquist Phillip D. Maltzahn Marcy J. Luth Heidi A. Ashby Christine R. Shenk Michael E. Hoback Joseph P. Stump Kyle R. Overturf Tracy A. Cannon

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alma, Nebraska's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Alma, Nebraska's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's

responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Alma, Nebraska's basic financial statements. The nonmajor fund combining statements and the statement of revenue and expenditures by General Fund department are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit the supplementary information described in the second sentence of this paragraph is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 22, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Alma, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alma's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Alma, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

AMGL, P.C.

Grand Island, Nebraska February 22, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

As management of the City of Alma, we offer readers of the City of Alma financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Alma for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Alma exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$10,943,522 (net position). Of this amount, \$2,528,383 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma governmental activities reported combined ending net position of \$7,716,382. Approximately 15.9 percent of this total amount, \$1,227,256, is *unrestricted net position*.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,052,261, or 116.2 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Alma's basic financial statements. The City of Alma's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Alma's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Alma's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Alma is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Alma that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities)

from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Alma include general government, public safety, highways and streets, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Alma include the Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park Enterprise Funds.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Alma, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Alma can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Alma maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Street Fund, and the Airport Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Alma adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General, Street, and Airport Funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Alma maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-

wide financial statements. The City of Alma uses enterprise funds to account for its Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park Funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Alma.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-23 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24-55 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Alma's budgetary comparison schedules. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 56-59 of this report.

The nonmajor governmental funds combining statements and the statement of General Fund revenue and expenditures by department can be found on pages 60-62.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Alma, assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,943,522 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Summary Statements of Net Position

	S	eptember 30, 202	2	September 30, 2021				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 2,186,443	\$ 1,415,911	\$ 3,602,354	\$ 1,705,978	\$ 1,440,411	\$ 3,146,389		
Capital Assets	7,632,348	2,862,838	10,495,186	7,766,723	2,944,403	10,711,126		
Total Assets	9,818,791	4,278,749	14,097,540	9,472,701	4,384,814	13,857,515		
Long-term Liabilities	1,837,386	850,367	2,687,753	1,841,000	921,237	2,762,237		
Other Liabilities	265,023	201,242	466,265	383,273	245,076	628,349		
Total Liabilities	2,102,409	1,051,609	3,154,018	2,224,273	1,166,313	3,390,586		
Net Position:								
Net Investment in								
Capital Assets	5,572,673	1,926,013	7,498,686	5,700,495	1,913,134	7,613,629		
Restricted	916,453	-	916,453	525,436	100,972	626,408		
Unrestricted	1,227,256	1,301,127	2,528,383	1,022,497	1,204,395	2,226,892		
Total Net Position	\$ 7,716,382	\$ 3,227,140	\$ 10,943,522	\$ 7,248,428	\$ 3,218,501	\$ 10,466,929		

By far the largest portion of the City of Alma's net position (68.5 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Alma uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Alma's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Alma's net position (8.4 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$2,528,383) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole and for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

	Year	Ended Sep	tem	ber 30, 2022	Year Ended September 30, 2021						
Function		Program Revenues		Program		Program Revenues	Program Expenses				
<u>runction</u>	17	<u>Expenses</u>		1	<u>xevenues</u>	•	<u>Expenses</u>				
General Government	\$	7,114	\$	247,135	\$	38,874	\$	226,945			
Public Safety		-		43,531		-		44,597			
Public Works		100,972		224,239		-		209,191			
Recreation		67,893		294,233		55,858		295,917			
Airport		189,013		35,486		1,105,897		34,009			
Economic Development		-		73,220		-		74,314			
Interest		-		48,651		-		56,897			
Depreciation		-		427,563		-		351,494			
Total	\$	364,992	\$	1,394,058	\$	1,200,629	\$	1,293,364			

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

SOURCES OF REVENUE

	Year Ended September 30, 2022					Year Ended September 30, 20				
Charges for Services	\$	67,565	3.63	%	\$	50,075	1.90 %			
Operating Grants and Contributions	S	45,720	2.46			63,400	2.41			
Capital Grants and Contributions		251,707	13.52			1,087,154	41.31			
Property Taxes		314,731	16.90			335,782	12.76			
Motor Vehicle Taxes		27,078	1.45			28,564	1.08			
Sales Tax		481,873	25.88			477,278	18.14			
Franchise Taxes		2,791	0.15			3,356	0.13			
TIF Proceeds		64,915	3.49			67,536	2.57			
State Allocation		258,791	13.90			285,696	10.86			
Miscellaneous		103,507	5.56			60,511	2.30			
Interest		8,657	0.46			17,906	0.68			
Transfers		234,677	12.60			154,091	5.86			
Total	\$	1,862,012	100.00	%	\$	2,631,349	100.00 %			

Net position increased \$467,954 in the governmental activities during the year ended September 30, 2022.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Alma's net position by \$8,639. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities

	Year Ended September 30, 2022					Year Ended September 30, 2021						
	Program			Program		Program	Program					
Function	Revenues			Expenses		Revenues	Expenses					
Gas	\$	556,375	\$	554,653	\$	604,754	\$	414,795				
Water		329,704		321,436		262,387		365,883				
Sewer		81,072		123,937		178,460		111,496				
Trash	205,467			169,432		187,518		141,368				
Electric	-		-		-			12,336		-		12,474
Golf		312,503		278,772		270,947		294,266				
RV Park		66,047		41,470		72,153		35,246				
Total		1,551,168		1,502,036		1,576,219		1,375,528				
Interfund transfers	-			234,677			154,09					
	\$	\$ 1,551,168		1,736,713	\$	1,576,219	\$	1,529,619				

	Ye	ar Ended Sep	tember 30, 2022	Year Ended September 30, 2021					
Charges for Services	\$	1,536,168	88.02 %	\$	1,470,247	83.71 %			
Grants and Contributions		15,000	0.86		105,972	6.03			
Franchise Fees		194,161	11.12		180,238	10.26			
Interest		23			13				
Total	\$	1,745,352	100.00 %	\$	1,756,470	100.00 %			

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Alma uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Alma's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Alma's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,029,315. Approximately 51.9 percent of this total amount (\$1,052,261) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balances is not available for new spending because it has already been 1) restricted for hospital bond debt service (\$207,236), 2) restricted for street improvements (\$496,105), 3) restricted for Federal programs (\$213,112), 4) assigned for airport (\$50,894), or 5) nonspendable for inventory (\$9,707).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Alma. At the end of the current fiscal year, both the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance were \$1,052,261. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance and total fund balance both represents 116.2 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City of Alma's General Fund increased by \$108,103, the fund balance of Street Fund increased \$361,800, and the fund balance of the Airport Fund increased by \$113,627 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. The City of Alma's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year were as follows: Gas Fund – \$786,306, Water Fund – \$166,726, Sewer Fund – \$22,405, Trash Fund – \$95,698, Electric Fund – \$31,976, Golf Fund – \$30,375, and RV Park Fund – \$167,641. The change in net position for the proprietary funds was as follows: Gas Fund – increase of \$5,888, Water

Fund – increase of \$12,435, Sewer Fund – decrease of \$(113,837), Trash Fund – increase of \$36,035, Electric Fund – increase of \$21,825, Golf Fund – increase of \$30,419, and RV Park Fund – increase of \$15,874. Other factors concerning the finances of these seven funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Alma's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

There were no differences between the original and final budget for the City of Alma for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Alma's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$10,495,186 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges.

Major capital asset events (individually greater than \$10,000) during the current fiscal year included the following:

- 2022 Elgin Pelican sweeper \$219,996
- Taxiway lighting engineering \$41,400
- Pool security cameras \$10,688
- Chain-link fence at South field \$10,820
- East well rehab \$36,748
- Sewer lining \$17,395

City of Alma's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Year En	nded September	30, 2022	Year Ended September 30, 2021					
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type	usiness-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>			
Land	\$ 163,751	\$ 242,856	\$ 406,607	\$ 163,751	\$ 242,856	\$ 406,607			
Construction in Progress	41,400	-	41,400	-	-	-			
Buildings and Improvements	4,441,119	424,386	4,865,505	4,671,641	449,800	5,121,441			
Machinery and Equipment	430,934	308,907	739,841	268,404	341,193	609,597			
Infrastructure	2,555,144	-	2,555,144	2,662,927	-	2,662,927			
Distribution Systems		1,886,689	1,886,689		1,910,554	1,910,554			
Total	\$ 7,632,348	\$ 2,862,838	\$ 10,495,186	\$ 7,766,723	\$ 2,944,403	\$ 10,711,126			

Additional information on the City of Alma's capital assets can be found in Note C5 on pages 43-45 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma had total bonded debt and notes payable outstanding of \$2,994,500

City of Alma's Outstanding Debt

	Year En	Year Ended September 30, 2022					Year Ended September 30, 2021					
	Governmental	Governmental Business-type				Governmental Business-type						
	Activities	<u>A</u>	Activities Total		Activities	Activities		<u>Total</u>				
Bonds Payable	\$ 1,841,000	\$	688,000	\$ 2,529,000	\$ 2,000,650	\$	724,350	\$ 2,725,000				
Notes Payable	43,103		248,825	291,928	65,578		306,919	372,497				
Financing Agreement	173,572			173,572	-							
Total	\$ 2,057,675	\$	936,825	\$ 2,994,500	\$ 2,066,228	\$	1,031,269	\$ 3,097,497				

The City of Alma's total debt decreased by \$102,997 (3.3 percent) during the current fiscal year, due to scheduled payments that were partially offset by entering into a financing agreement for a street sweeper.

The City of Alma does not have a bond rating.

Additional information on the City of Alma's long-term debt can be found in Note C7 on pages 46-50 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Property tax asking for the year ending September 30, 2023, is \$316,282, an increase of \$6,060 (2.0 percent) from the prior year. The general tax asking was \$236,492, an increase of \$6,060 (2.6 percent) and the pool bond debt service tax asking was \$79,790, the same as the prior year.
- The City has construction commitments totaling \$256,832 on the taxiway lighting project and \$137,791 on the downtown drainage project.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Alma's budget for the 2023 fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Alma's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Administrator, City of Alma, P.O. Box 468, Alma, NE 68920.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2022

•	,	Primary Governmen	nt	
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	Total	Unit
ASSETS	1101111105	TIOTIVITOS	10111	<u> </u>
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 600,317	\$ 735,568	\$ 1,335,885	\$ 4,241
Certificates of deposit	423,985	507,000	930,985	_
County treasurer cash	15,396	-	15,396	_
Receivables:	,		,	
Accounts, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	-	61,171	61,171	-
Unbilled revenue	-	14,476	14,476	-
Current portion of notes receivable	13,480	=	13,480	-
Lease	-	19,000	19,000	-
Property tax	8,649	-	8,649	-
Sales tax	94,548	-	94,548	-
Inventory	9,707	53,946	63,653	-
Total current assets	1,166,082	1,391,161	2,557,243	4,241
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	649,447	24,750	674,197	-
Restricted certificates of deposit	270,000	=	270,000	-
Noncurrent portion of notes receivable	100,914	-	100,914	-
Capital assets:				
Land	163,751	242,856	406,607	-
Construction in progress	41,400	-	41,400	-
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	7,427,197	2,619,982	10,047,179	_
Net capital assets	7,632,348	2,862,838	10,495,186	
Total noncurrent assets	8,652,709	2,887,588	11,540,297	
Total assets	9,818,791	4,278,749	14,097,540	4,241
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	17,550	57,800	75,350	_
Accrued expenses	25,184	32,234	57,418	_
Customer deposits	23,104	24,750	24,750	_
Current portion of long-term obligations	222,289	•	-	-
Total current liabilities	265,023	86,458 201,242	308,747 466,265	
Noncurrent liabilities:	203,023	201,242	400,203	_
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	1,837,386	850,367	2,687,753	_
Total liabilities	2,102,409	1,051,609	3,154,018	
	2,102,407	1,031,007	3,134,010	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	5,572,673	1,926,013	7,498,686	-
Restricted for:	40 5 40 7		40 6 4 0 7	
Street improvements	496,105	-	496,105	-
Federal programs	213,112	-	213,112	-
Hospital bond debt service	207,236	-	207,236	-
Unrestricted	1,227,256	1,301,127	2,528,383 \$ 10,042,522	4,241
Total net position	\$ 7,716,382	\$ 3,227,140	\$ 10,943,522	<u>\$ 4,241</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

					n Revenues	
Functions/Programs	<u> </u>	Expenses	C	harges for Services	Gı	perating rants and atributions
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	247,135	\$	4,114	\$	3,000
Public safety		43,531		-		-
Public works		224,239		-		-
Environment and leisure		294,233		25,173		42,720
Airport		35,486		38,278		-
Economic development		73,220		-		-
Interest and fees on long-term debt		48,651		-		-
Depreciation - unallocated	427,563			-		-
Total governmental activities		1,394,058		67,565		45,720
Business-type activities:						
Gas		554,653		556,375		-
Water		321,436		319,704		-
Sewer		123,937		81,072		-
Trash		169,432		205,467		-
Electric		12,336		_		-
Golf		278,772		307,503		5,000
RV Park		41,470		66,047		-
Total business-type activities		1,502,036		1,536,168		5,000
Total primary government	\$	2,896,094	\$	1,603,733	\$	50,720
Component unit:						
Community Redevelopment Authority	\$	8,525	\$	-	\$	-

Capital	Net (Expenses) l			
Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Unit</u>
\$ - -	\$ (240,021) (43,531)		\$ (240,021) (43,531)	
100,972	(123,267) (226,340)		(123,267) (226,340)	
150,735	153,527 (73,220)		153,527 (73,220)	
- -	(48,651)		(48,651)	
251,707	(427,563) (1,029,066)	\$ -	(427,563) (1,029,066)	
-	<u>-</u>	1,722	1,722	
10,000	-	8,268 (42,865)	8,268 (42,865)	
-	- -	36,035	36,035	
- -	- -	(12,336) 33,731	(12,336) 33,731	
10,000	-	24,577 49,132	24,577 49,132	
\$ 261,707	(1,029,066)	49,132	(979,934)	
\$ -				\$ (8,525)
General revenues: Taxes:				
Property	314,731	-	314,731	-
Motor vehicle Sales tax	27,078 481,873	- -	27,078 481,873	-
Franchise	2,791	194,161	196,952	-
TIF proceeds State allocation	64,915 258,791	-	64,915 258,791	8,475
Miscellaneous	103,507	23	103,507	- 2
Interest income Interfund transfers	8,657 234,677	(234,677)	8,680	2
Total general revenues Change in net position	1,497,020 467,954	(40,493) 8,639	1,456,527 476,593	8,477 (48)
Net position - September 30, 2021	7,248,428	3,218,501	10,466,929	4,289
Net position - September 30, 2022	\$ 7,716,382	\$ 3,227,140	\$ 10,943,522	\$ 4,241

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2022

	<u>General</u>	<u>Street</u> <u>Airport</u>		Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 554,130	\$	431,043	\$ 46,187	\$	218,404	\$	1,249,764
Certificates of deposit	418,985		270,000	5,000		-		693,985
County treasurer cash	15,396		-	-		-		15,396
Receivables:								
Property tax	8,649		-	-		-		8,649
Sales tax	81,784		12,764	-		-		94,548
Inventory	 -			9,707				9,707
Total assets	\$ 1,078,944	\$	713,807	\$ 60,894	\$	218,404	\$	2,072,049
LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 12,540	\$	4,717	\$ 293	\$	-	\$	17,550
Payroll withholdings	(78)		-	-		-		(78)
Accrued payroll	6,041		2,959	-		-		9,000
Sales tax payable	17		-	-		-		17
Accrued interest payable	 8,163		8,082	 		-		16,245
Total liabilities	26,683		15,758	293		-		42,734
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	-		-	9,707		-		9,707
Restricted for:								
Street improvements	-		496,105	-		-		496,105
Federal programs	-		201,944	-		11,168		213,112
Hospital bond debt service	-		-	-		207,236		207,236
Assigned for:								
Airport	-		-	50,894		-		50,894
Unassigned	 1,052,261			 		-		1,052,261
Total fund balances	 1,052,261		698,049	 60,601		218,404		2,029,315
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$ 1,078,944	\$	713,807	\$ 60,894	\$	218,404	\$	2,072,049

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 2,029,315
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:		
Notes receivable are not recorded as an asset in the fund financial statements.		114,394
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$12,021,726 and the accumulated depreciation is \$4,389,378.		7,632,348
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, note and financing agreement payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds payable Note payable Financing agreement payable	\$ (1,841,000) (45,103) (173,572)	(2,059,675)

Total net position - governmental activities

See notes to financial statements.

\$ 7,716,382

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

							Go	Other	Go	Total
REVENUES		<u>General</u>		Street		<u>Airport</u>		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Taxes:										
Property	\$	314,731	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	314,731
Motor vehicle	Ψ	27,078	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	27,078
Sales tax		397,244		84,629		_		_		481,873
Franchise		2,791		-		_		_		2,791
TIF proceeds		64,915		_		_		_		64,915
Intergovernmental		84,151		174,640		_		_		258,791
Licenses and permits		5,495		-		_		_		5,495
Charges for services		21,875		_		16,287		_		38,162
Rent		7,412		_		21,991		_		29,403
Grants and donations		45,720		100,972		150,735		-		297,427
Loan collections		-		´-		-		8,920		8,920
Interest income		8,195		-		-		462		8,657
Loan proceeds		65,578		-		-		-		65,578
Other income		92,493		2,279		1,500		-		96,272
Total revenues		1,137,678		362,520		190,513		9,382		1,700,093
EXPENDITURES										
General government		237,179		-		-		165		237,344
Public safety		43,531		-		-		-		43,531
Public works		11,354		212,885		-		-		224,239
Environment and leisure		294,233		-		-		-		294,233
Airport		-		-		35,486		-		35,486
Economic development		73,220		-		-		-		73,220
Capital outlay		39,336		789		41,400		-		81,525
Principal payments on debt		176,053		116,074		-		-		292,127
Interest on long-term debt		30,707		17,944		-		-		48,651
Total expenditures		905,613		347,692		76,886		165		1,330,356
Excess of revenues										
over expenditures		232,065		14,828		113,627		9,217		369,737
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	ES)									
Transfers from (to) other funds		(123,962)		346,972				20,000		243,010
Net change in fund balances		108,103		361,800		113,627		29,217		612,747
Fund balances - September 30, 2021		944,158		336,249		(53,026)		189,187		1,416,568
Fund balances - September 30, 2022	\$	1,052,261	\$	698,049	\$	60,601	\$	218,404	\$	2,029,315

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 612,747
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Payments on notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as revenue, but the payments decrease notes receivable in the statement of net position.	(7,180)
The forgiveness of notes receivable is reported as an expense in the statement of activities. Notes receivable are not reported in the governmental funds.	(9,791)
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay (\$301,521) is exceeded by depreciation expense (\$427,563) and new financing agreements (\$219,996) during the period.	(346,038)
Basis remaining on capital asset transfers does not impact the fund financial statements. However, the remaining basis is reported as a transfer in the statement of activities.	(8,333)
Loan proceeds are reported as revenue in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(65,578)
Repayment of bond, note and financing agreement principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	292,127
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 467,954

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds							
	Gas	Water	Sewer	Trash				
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>				
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 399,463	\$ 33,331	\$ 14,177	\$ 86,177				
Certificates of deposit	410,000	90,000	7,000	-				
Receivables:								
Accounts, net of allowance for								
doubtful accounts	7,208	31,377	7,315	15,271				
Lease	-	-	-	-				
Unbilled revenue	4,344	8,326	1,806	-				
Inventory	12,694	20,436						
Total current assets	833,709	183,470	30,298	101,448				
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	10,950	6,900	6,900	-				
Capital assets:								
Land	1,000	77,068	135,588	7,200				
Distribution systems	222,693	2,272,832	623,258	-				
Buildings and improvements	4,882	5,785	415,546	70,073				
Equipment	83,953	239,235	165,746	611,572				
Less accumulated depreciation	(229,561)	(1,435,586)	(633,612)	(399,675)				
Net capital assets	82,967	1,159,334	706,526	289,170				
Total noncurrent assets	93,917	1,166,234	713,426	289,170				
Total assets	927,626	1,349,704	743,724	390,618				
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	38,089	6,329	1,776	4,080				
Accrued payroll	8,334	6,448	3,839	1,363				
Accrued interest payable	-	3,716	1,802	307				
Sales tax payable	980	251	476	-				
Customer deposits	10,950	6,900	6,900	-				
Current portion of								
long-term obligations		17,150	21,150	29,424				
Total current liabilities	58,353	40,794	35,943	35,174				
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Noncurrent portion of								
long-term obligations		374,850	281,507	91,617				
Total liabilities	58,353	415,644	317,450	126,791				
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	82,967	767,334	403,869	168,129				
Unrestricted	786,306	166,726	22,405	95,698				
Total net position	\$ 869,273	\$ 934,060	\$ 426,274	\$ 263,827				

		Enter	prise Funds					
	Electric							
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		RV Park <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>		
\$	13,886	\$	17,252	\$	171,282	\$	735,568	
	-		-		-		507,000	
	-		-		-		61,171	
	19,000		-		-		19,000	
	-		-		-		14,476	
	-		20,816		-		53,946	
	32,886		38,068		171,282		1,391,161	
	_		_		_		24,750	
							,	
	_		22,000		_		242,856	
	364,798		,		_		3,483,581	
	-		470,969		131,091		1,098,346	
	_		286,508		21,047		1,408,061	
	(94,379)		(513,213)		(63,980)		3,370,006)	
	270.419		266,264		88,158		2,862,838	
	270,419		266,264		88,158		2,887,588	
	303,305				259,440		4,278,749	
	303,303		304,332		239,440		4,278,749	
	-		3,910		3,616		57,800	
	-		1,693		-		21,677	
	910		142		-		6,877	
	-		1,948		25		3,680	
	-		-		-		24,750	
	11,230		7,504		-		86,458	
	12,140		15,197		3,641		201,242	
	01.000		10.502				050 267	
	91,800		10,593				850,367	
	103,940		25,790		3,641		1,051,609	
	167,389		248,167		88,158		1,926,013	
	31,976		30,375		167,641		1,301,127	
\$	199,365	\$	278,542	\$	255,799		3,227,140	
Ψ	1//000	Ψ	210,J72	Ψ	200,177	Ψ	J 1 4 4 4 1 7 1 TU	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds							
	Gas	Water	Sewer	Trash				
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>				
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 550,512	\$ 312,980	\$ 77,717	\$ 202,187				
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-				
Other revenue	5,863	6,724	3,355	3,280				
Total operating revenues	556,375	319,704	81,072	205,467				
Operating expenses:								
Purchased energy	368,560	-	-	-				
Personnel services	135,035	149,005	43,621	54,711				
Utilities and telephone	1,872	20,341	8,319	869				
Repairs and maintenance	15,901	38,835	19,650	12,651				
Supplies	246	3,570	621	206				
Professional fees	8,220	9,309	6,838	6,317				
Insurance and bonds	3,442	14,174	1,710	8,518				
Fuel and transportation	1,959	2,795	-	11,918				
Dues and fees	6,678	2,331	812	719				
Contractual obligations	-	-	-	35,128				
Miscellaneous	9,253	8,670	6,180	3,402				
Depreciation	3,487	59,271	28,712	32,195				
Total operating expenses	554,653	308,301	116,463	166,634				
Operating income (loss)	1,722	11,403	(35,391)	38,833				
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Interest income	-	-	-	-				
Grant income	-	10,000	-	-				
Contributions	-	-	-	-				
Interest expense	-	(13,135)	(6,402)	(2,798)				
Loan administration fees			(1,072)					
Total nonoperating revenues								
(expenses)		(3,135)	(7,474)	(2,798)				
Income (loss) before								
interfund transfers	1,722	8,268	(42,865)	36,035				
Interfund transfers:								
Transfers from (to) other funds	4,166	4,167	(70,972)					
Change in net position	5,888	12,435	(113,837)	36,035				
Net position - September 30, 2021	863,385	921,625	540,111	227,792				
Net position - September 30, 2022	\$ 869,273	\$ 934,060	\$ 426,274	\$ 263,827				

		En	nterprise Fund	S	RV Park			
	Electric							
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>		
¢.		ø	207.479	¢	(5.046	¢	1 507 720	
\$	104161	\$	297,478	\$	65,846	\$	1,506,720	
	194,161		10.025		201		194,161	
	194,161		10,025 307,503		201 66,047		29,448 1,730,329	
	194,101		307,303		00,047		1,730,329	
	-		-		-		368,560	
	-		130,183		-		512,555	
	-		20,467		9,320		61,188	
	-		22,303		9,874		119,214	
	-		71,569		330		76,542	
	-		-		-		30,684	
	-		9,269		2,201		39,314	
	-		7,572		-		24,244	
	-		152		-		10,692	
	-		-		14,373		49,501	
	-		2,472		606		30,583	
	9,119		13,830		4,766		151,380	
	9,119		277,817		41,470		1,474,457	
	185,042		29,686		24,577		255,872	
			23				23	
	-		23		-		10,000	
	_		5,000		-		5,000	
	(3,217)		(955)		_		(26,507)	
	(3,217)		(755)		_		(1,072)	
							(1,072)	
	(3,217)		4,068			_	(12,556)	
	181,825		33,754		24,577		243,316	
	(160,000)		(3,335)		(8,703)		(234,677)	
	21,825		30,419		15,874		8,639	
	177,540		248,123		239,925		3,218,501	
\$	199,365	\$	278,542	\$	255,799	\$	3,227,140	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Enterpri	se Fun	ds
	Gas		Water
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 558,213	\$	312,272
Payments to suppliers	(392,454)		(133,369)
Payments to employees	 (132,555)		(147,839)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	33,204		31,064
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES:			
Transfers to other funds	-		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of property and equipment	(790)		(37,537)
Grants and contributions received	-		10,000
Principal payments on capital debt	-		(17,150)
Interest paid on capital debt	-		(13,297)
Loan administration fees on capital debt	 -		
Net cash used by capital and			
related financing activities	(790)		(57,984)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash	(150)		450
Interest received			-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	 (150)		450
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	32,264		(26,470)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	 367,199		59,801
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$ 399,463	\$	33,331

			Ente	rprise Funds						
Sewer Trash		n Electric			Golf	I	RV Park			
<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u> <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>		
\$ 80,410 (44,196) (42,640) (6,426)	\$	206,155 (91,950) (54,751) 59,454	\$	187,931 - - - 187,931	\$	307,503 (144,469) (129,998) 33,036	\$	66,047 (36,503) - 29,544	\$	1,718,531 (842,941) (507,783) 367,807
(70,972)		-		(160,000)		(3,335)		(8,703)		(243,010)
(17,395)		(5,760)		-		-		-		(61,482)
-		-		-		5,000		-		15,000
(21,059)		(28,466)		(18,260)		(9,509)		-		(94,444)
(6,503)		(3,265)		(3,257)		(1,081)		-		(27,403)
 (1,072)		-						_		(1,072)
(46,029)		(37,491)		(21,517)		(5,590)		-		(169,401)
101,422		-		-		-		-		101,722
=		=		-		23		=		23
101,422		-		-		23		-		101,745
(22,005)		21,963		6,414		24,134		20,841		57,141
36,182		64,214		7,472		(6,882)		150,441		678,427
\$ 14,177	\$	86,177	\$	13,886	\$	17,252	\$	171,282	\$	735,568

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds				
		Gas		Water	
		<u>Fund</u>			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,722	\$	11,403	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	·	,	•	,	
Depreciation expense		3,487		59,271	
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable and unbilled revenue		1,688		(6,982)	
Inventories		-		-	
Accounts payable		23,664		(31,995)	
Accrued payroll		2,480		1,166	
Sales tax payable		13		(1,349)	
Customer deposits		150		(450)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	33,204	\$	31,064	

			Ente	rprise Funds					
Sewer Trash		rash Electric Golf		Golf	F	RV Park			
<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ (35,391)	\$	38,833	\$	185,042	\$	29,686	\$	24,577	\$ 255,872
28,712		32,195		9,119		13,830		4,766	151,380
(212)		688		(6,230)		-		-	(11,048)
-		-		-		(9,033)		-	(9,033)
(61)		(12,222)		-		(2,150)		283	(22,481)
981		(40)		-		185		-	4,772
(5)		-		-		518		(82)	(905)
 (450)				-					(750)
\$ (6,426)	\$	59,454	\$	187,931	\$	33,036	\$	29,544	\$ 367,807

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Alma, Nebraska (City) are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note.

1. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Alma, Nebraska, was incorporated in 1871. The City operates under a City Council form of government with an elected chief executive, Mayor, and an elected legislative body, Council, composed of four members. The Mayor is elected at large for a four-year term, and the four members of the City Council are elected on four-year terms. The administration of the City government is performed under the direction of the Mayor by the City Administrator. Services provided to residents include public safety; highways and streets; planning and zoning; parks; recreation; urban development; water and sanitary sewer systems; gas; and general administrative services.

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: City of Alma

Discretely Presented Component Unit: Community Redevelopment Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, and has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may be financially accountable, and, as such, should be included within the City's financial statements. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

1. Financial Reporting Entity, continued

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation. Currently, the City has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. The following is the discretely presented component unit:

Brief Description of Activities and Relationship to the City:

Community Redevelopment Authority

Established to assist the City in redevelopment activities. The board members are appointed by the City and the City approves the budget.

2. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Brief Description
Major:	
Governmental: General	See page 27 for description.
Street	The Street Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that accounts for the City's share of highway allocation from the State of Nebraska.
Airport	The Airport Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that accounts for airport operations.
Proprietary:	
Enterprise: Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park	See page above for description.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Major and Nonmajor Funds, continued

Fund Brief Description

Nonmajor:

Special Revenue:

CDBG Accounts for the City's share of Community

Development Block Grant Program.

Hospital Bond Sinking Accounts for funds collected by the City for the

hospital's bonds debt service.

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b, below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

Measurement Focus, continued

b. The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or the economic asset is used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand accounts and savings accounts. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all cash on hand, demand accounts, savings accounts, and equity in pooled cash which has an original maturity of three months or less. The County Treasurer's cash represents revenues collected not yet remitted to the City.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Notes B2, C1, and D2.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include special assessments and property taxes. Business-type activities report utility billings as their major receivables.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Receivables, continued

In the fund financial statements, receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as special assessments and property taxes, since they are usually both measurable and available. Proprietary fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The City has recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$10,000 in the business-type activities.

Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized and reported in the Statement of Net Position. The City has a \$5,000 capitalization threshold. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City has elected the depreciation approach for reporting infrastructure.

Depreciation of general capital assets and all proprietary capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The ranges of estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Capital Assets, continued

Buildings	20-50 years
Improvements	10-50 years
Machinery and Equipment	3-20 years
Utility System	25-50 years

The governmental funds infrastructure assets are capitalized under the prospective method, valued at cost. The cost of normal maintenance, preservation, and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds and notes payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted net position" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Effective October 1, 2010, the City has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable—Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted—Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Equity Classifications, continued

Fund Financial Statements, continued

Committed—Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council ordinance or resolution.

Assigned—Amounts that are designated by the Mayor for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the City Council.

Unassigned—All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 16). Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the City Council or the Assignment has been changed by the Mayor. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

5. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Sales and Use Tax

The City presently levies a two-cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is to be used for the following purposes:

1 cent – General operating costs

1/2 cent – Pool debt service

1/2 cent – Street and civic improvement and renovations

The sales tax is collected by the Nebraska Department of Revenue and remitted to the City in the month following receipt. The Nebraska Department of Revenue receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. Eighty-two percent of the sales tax is recorded in the General Fund and used for budgeted operating expenses and pool debt service. The remaining eighteen percent is recorded in the Street Fund and used for budgeted expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses, continued

Sales and Use Tax, continued

Sales taxes collected by the State in August and September and received by the City in October and November have been accrued and are included in receivables. As of October 1, 2006, sales tax collected on the sale of motor vehicles is recorded in the Street Fund as required by LB904.

Property Taxes

The City has the power to levy taxes each year sufficient to pay any judgment existing against the City, the interest on bonded debt, and the principal on bonded debt maturing during the fiscal year or within six months thereafter, as well as taxes authorized by state law.

The tax levies for all political subdivisions in Harlan County are certified by the County Board on or before October 15. Real estate taxes are due on December 31 and attach as an enforceable lien and become delinquent in two equal installments on May 1 and September 1. Personal property taxes are due in the same manner as real estate taxes. Delinquent taxes bear 14 percent interest.

Property taxes levied for 2021-2022 are recorded as revenue when expected to be collected within 60 days after September 30, 2022. Prior-year levies were recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are re-evaluated annually. Property taxes expected to be collected after 60 days are recorded as deferred revenue on the fund balance sheets.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses, continued

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – by Character and Function

Proprietary Funds – by Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows:

1. Fund Accounting Requirements

The City complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include: General and Special Revenue Funds.

2. Deposit Laws and Regulations

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

2. Deposit Laws and Regulations, continued

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or with U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits. The City's demand deposits are insured up to \$250,000 and certificates of deposit/savings accounts are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Any bank deposits in excess of the FDIC limits are insured by collateral held by the pledging institution in the City's name.

3. Revenue Restrictions

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources are described in Note A2 for the various funds.

4. <u>Debt Restrictions and Covenants</u>

Bonds Payable

The various bond ordinances relating to the bonds payable contain some restrictions or covenants that are financial-related. These include covenants such as debt service coverage requirements and required reserve account balances. The City is in compliance with the bond restrictions and covenants.

5. Budgetary Data

The City is required by state laws to adopt annual budgets for all fund types. Each budget is presented on the cash basis of accounting, which is consistent with the requirements of the state budget act.

The Nebraska Budget Act provides the prescribed budget practices and procedures that governing bodies are required to follow. The amounts that may be budgeted for certain specific funds are subject to various expenditure and/or tax levy limitations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

5. **Budgetary Data, continued**

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

- a. On or before August 1, the City prepares a budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and resources available.
- b. The budget is published with subsequent public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to September 30, the City Council adopts the budget, which is then filed with the appropriate state and county officials.
- d. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations. Appropriations lapse at year end and any revisions require board approval.
- e. The County Clerk certifies a preliminary property tax levy for each fund of the City which levied property taxes in the county the previous year based on the combined valuation and amount required for the City the prior year. The preliminary levy becomes the final levy unless the governing board passes, by a majority vote, a resolution setting the levy at a different amount.
- f. The property tax requirements resulting from the budget process are utilized by the County Assessor to establish the tax levy. Taxes are levied annually on or before October 15. Real property taxes and personal property taxes are due December 31 with the first half delinquent May 1 and the second half delinquent September 1.
- g. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except for capital improvement appropriations and certain encumbrances against operating budgets.
- h. The City of Alma adopts a budget by ordinance for all fund types.

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for the City's various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

1. Cash and Certificates of Deposit

Deposits

The City's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note A4. The table presented below is designed to disclose how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at September 30, 2022. The categories of collateral are defined as follows:

Category 1 – Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the City (or public trust) or by its agent in its name.

Category 2 – Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3 – Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name; or collateralized with no written or approved collateral agreement.

Types of Deposits	Total Bank <u>Balance</u>	Category <u>1</u>	Category <u>2</u>	Category <u>3</u>	Total Carrying <u>Value</u>
Demand deposits and certificates of deposit	\$ 3,263,998	\$ 844,096	\$ 2,419,902	\$ -	\$ <u>3,215,308</u>
Reconciliation to Go Primary Governm Unrestricted ca			et Position:		\$ 1,335,885
Restricted cash	and cash equiva	lents			674,197
	ertificates of depo- ficates of deposit				930,985 270,000
Total Prima	ary Government				3,211,067
Component Unit -	_				
-	sh and cash equiv	valents			$\frac{4,241}{3,215,308}$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

2. Restricted Assets

The restricted assets as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Type of Restricted Assets:	\$ 649,447	\$ 24,750	\$ 674,197
Cash and cash equivalents	270,000	-	270,000
Certificates of deposit	\$ 919,447	\$ 24,750	\$ 944,197

The governmental activities' restricted assets as of September 30, 2022, consisted of \$499,099 in the Street Fund restricted for street improvements, \$201,944 in the Street Fund restricted for Federal programs, \$11,168 in the CDBG Fund restricted for federal programs and \$207,236 in the Hospital Bond Sinking Fund restricted for hospital bond debt service.

The business-type activities restricted assets as of September 30, 2022, consisted of \$10,950 in the Gas Fund, \$6,900 in the Water Fund and \$6,900 in the Sewer Fund restricted for customer deposits.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of utilities receivable. Receivables detail at September 30, 2022, is as follows:

		siness-type activities
Accounts receivable	\$	71,171
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(10,000)
Net accounts receivable	\$	61,171

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

4. Notes Receivable

The CDBG Fund has made six rehab loans. Notes receivable at September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Note for \$23,956 dated June 29, 2021; forgivable over five years through May 8, 2026. The note is non-interest bearing.	\$ 17,567
Note for \$22,063 dated May 27, 2021; due in 240 monthly payments of \$111.42 through June 1, 2041. The note bears interest at 2.0 percent.	20,848
Note for \$22,257 dated June 23, 2021; due in 240 monthly payments of \$112.22 through July 1, 2041. The note bears interest at 2.0 percent.	20,970
Note for \$18,641 dated June 24, 2021; due in 240 monthly payments of \$93.98 through July 1, 2041. The note bears interest at 2.0 percent.	17,715
Note for \$25,000 dated July 1, 2021; forgivable over five years through December 16, 2025. The note is non-interest bearing.	16,250
Note for \$24,999 dated December 24, 2018; due in 240 monthly payments of \$126.25 through January 1, 2039. The note bears interest at 2.0 percent.	_21,044
Total governmental activities' notes receivable	\$ <u>114,394</u>
Current portion Noncurrent portion Total	\$ 13,480 100,914 \$ 114,394

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
	October 1, 2021	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>September 30, 2022</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 163,751	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163,751
Construction in progress		41,400		41,400
Total capital assets not being depreciated	163,751	41,400	-	205,151
Other capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	3,019,295	-	-	3,019,295
Building and improvements	7,658,475	17,828	-	7,676,303
Equipment	910,517	242,293	(31,833)	1,120,977
Total other capital assets at				
historical cost	11,588,287	260,121	(31,833)	11,816,575
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(356,368)	(107,783)	-	(464,151)
Building and improvements	(2,986,834)	(248,350)	-	(3,235,184)
Equipment	(642,113)	(71,430)	23,500	(690,043)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,985,315)	(427,563) *	23,500	(4,389,378)
Other capital assets, net	7,602,972	(167,442)	(8,333)	7,427,197
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,766,723	\$ (126,042)	\$ (8,333)	\$ 7,632,348

^{*} Depreciation expense was incurred by the following governmental activities:

General Fund:

General government	\$ 10,965
Public safety Fire	8,015
Public works: Shop	2,740

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

5. Capital Assets, continued

Governmental Activities, continued

General Fund, continued:

Environment and leisure:	
Community buildings	7,626
Library	2,217
Park	2,858
Pheasant Ridge trail	35,772
Pool	78,052
Recreation	4,424
Total environment and leisure	130,949
Total General Fund	152,669
Street Fund	86,377
Airport Fund	188,517
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ <u>427,563</u>

Construction in progress at September 30, 2022, consists of \$41,400 of engineering costs on the airport taxiway lighting project. See Note D3 for additional details on this project.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

5. Capital Assets, continued

	Balance at sober 1, 2021	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	<u>D</u>	isposals	_	Balance at ember 30, 2022
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 242,856	\$	-	\$	-	\$	242,856
Other capital assets being depreciated:							
Distribution systems	3,429,438		54,143		-		3,483,581
Buildings and improvements	1,092,586		5,760		-		1,098,346
Equipment	1,441,913		9,912		(43,764)		1,408,061
Total other capital assets at							
historical cost	5,963,937		69,815		(43,764)		5,989,988
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Distribution systems	(1,518,884)		(78,008)		-		(1,596,892)
Buildings and improvements	(642,786)		(31,174)		-		(673,960)
Equipment	(1,100,720)		(42,198)		43,764		(1,099,154)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,262,390)		(151,380) *		43,764		(3,370,006)
Other capital assets, net	2,701,547		(81,565)		-		2,619,982
Business-type activities capital							
assets, net	\$ 2,944,403	\$	(81,565)	\$	-	\$	2,862,838

* Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Gas	\$ 3,487
Water	59,271
Sewer	28,712
Trash	32,195
Electric	9,119
Golf	13,830
RV Park	4,766
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ <u>151,380</u>

6. Accounts Payable

Payables in the general, other governmental, and proprietary funds are primarily composed of payables to vendors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. <u>Long-term Debt</u>

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2022:

Type of Debt	Balance at October 1, 2021	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance at September 30, 2022	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 2,000,650	\$ -	\$ (159,650)	\$ 1,841,000	\$ 159,650
Note payable	65,578	65,578	(86,053)	45,103	21,151
Financing agreement	-	219,996	(46,424)	173,572	41,488
	\$ 2,066,228	\$ 285,574	\$ (292,127)	\$ 2,059,675	\$ 222,289
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 724,350	\$ -	\$ (36,350)	\$ 688,000	\$ 36,350
Note payable	306,919	-	(58,094)	248,825	50,109
	\$ 1,031,269	\$ -	\$ (94,444)	\$ 936,825	\$ 86,459

Governmental Activities

As of September 30, 2022, the governmental long-term liabilities consisted of the following:

General obligation swimming pool bonds, Series 2019, with an original issue amount of \$1,500,000. Interest rates range from 1.55 percent to 2.65 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2034. Paid by the General Fund.

\$ 1,235,000

General obligation various purpose bonds, Series 2021, with an original issue amount of \$270,000. Interest rates range from 0.45 percent to 0.85 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through April 15, 2028. Paid by the Street Fund.

230,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Governmental Activities, continued

September 14, 2024. Paid by the General Fund.

Various purpose bonds, Series 2019, with an original issue amount of \$351,000. Interest at 3.25 percent is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2039. Paid by the Street Fund.	312,000
Various purpose refunding bonds, Series 2016, with an original issue amount of \$160,000. Interest rates range from 1.10 percent to 1.70 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through September 1, 2026. Paid by the Street Fund.	64,000
On November 23, 2021, the City entered into a financing agreement with Kinetic Leasing for the purpose of financing a street sweeper. The original financed amount was \$219,996. Principal and interest at 3.00 percent are due in annual payments of \$46,695 through December 1, 2025. Paid by the Street Fund.	173,572
On April 28, 2022, the City entered into an agreement with Banner Capital Bank for the purpose of refinancing a loan for a pool slide. The original loan was \$65,578. Principal and interest at 2.99 percent are due in annual payments of \$22,500 through September 14, 2023 with a payment of \$23,314 due	

	\$ <u>2,039,673</u>
Current portion	\$ 222,289
Noncurrent portion	<u>1,837,386</u>
Total	\$ 2,059,675

45,103

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Business-type Activities

As of September 30, 2022, the long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

On July 19, 2004, the City entered into an agreement with Community Bank for the purpose of building a clubhouse. The original loan was \$255,000. Principal and interest at 4.00 percent are due in semi-annual payments of \$5,621 through July 15, 2025. Paid by the Golf Fund.

\$ 15,581

Various purpose bonds, Series 2019, with an original issue amount of \$351,000. Interest at 3.25 percent is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2039. Paid by the Water and Electric Funds.

488,000

On May 3, 2017, the City entered into an agreement with the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy for the sewer force main project. The original loan was \$132,056. The loan bears interest at 1.50 percent and has a fee of 1.00 percent. The loan is due in semi-annual payments with final maturity on June 15, 2037. Paid by the Sewer Fund.

102,657

On January 1, 2016, the City entered into an agreement with Nebraska Public Power District to acquire electric distribution system fringe area properties. The original loan was \$98,420. The note is non-interest bearing. Principal is due in quarterly payments of \$3,515 through March 15, 2023. Paid by the Electric Fund.

7,030

General obligation bonds, Series 2019, with an original issue amount of \$245,000. Interest rates range from 1.70 percent to 2.65 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2034. Paid by the Sewer Fund.

200,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Business-type Activities, continued

On June 22, 2021, the City entered into an agreement with Community Bank for a trash truck. The original loan was \$149,507. Principal and interest at 1.89 percent are due in annual payments of \$31,731 through August 15, 2026. Paid by the Trash Fund.

121,041

On February 6, 2014, the City entered into an agreement with First State Bank for the purpose of building a maintenance shed. The original loan was \$40,000. Principal and interest at 4.47 percent are due in annual payments of \$4,969 through September 1, 2023. Paid by the Golf Fund.

2,516

\$ 936,825

 Current portion
 \$ 86,459

 Noncurrent portion
 850,366

 Total
 \$ 936,825

Annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
Year Ending		Direct Placement Debt Other Debt Issue					sues			
September 30,	<u>Principal</u>		mber 30, <u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>		Interest		Principal		<u>Interest</u>	
2023	\$	62,639	\$	6,556	\$	159,650	\$	40,528		
2024		66,685		4,679		158,650		38,057		
2025		44,015		2,681		159,600		35,539		
2026		45,336		1,360		174,600		32,974		
2027		-		-		150,600		29,704		
2028-2032		-		-		657,750		103,858		
2033-2037		-		-		333,350		27,014		
2038-2039		-		-		46,800		2,282		
	\$	218,675	\$	15,276	\$	1,841,000	\$	309,956		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Business-type Activities Year Ending Direct Placement Debt Other Debt Issues September 30, Principal Interest Fees Principal Interest \$ \$ 2023 50,108 \$ 4,544 \$ 1,011 \$ 36,350 20,500 2024 41,433 3,587 950 36,350 19,551 2025 42,306 2,714 39,400 18,602 887 2026 37,483 1,822 823 39,400 17,487 6,529 39,400 16,371 2027 1,138 759 2028-2032 34,151 4,186 2,790 222,250 64,173 2033-2037 1,024 201,650 29,543 36,815 1,536 73,200 2038-2039 3,569 248,825 19,527 8,244 688,000 189,796

8. Interfund Transactions

Operating transfers:

	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 172,038	\$ 296,000
Street Fund	346,972	8,333
Nonmajor Funds	20,000	-
Gas Fund	4,166	-
Water Fund	4,167	-
Sewer Fund	30,000	100,972
Electric Fund	-	160,000
Golf Fund	30,000	33,335
RV Park Fund	_	8,703
Total operating transfers	\$ <u>607,343</u>	\$ 607,343

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES

1. Employee Pension Plans

The City of Alma has a contributory defined contribution employees' pension plan in which the employees of the City participate. Eligible employees may contribute up to the maximum allowed by law and the City matches up to five percent. Employees are eligible to participate after they have attained the age of 21 and are considered full-time employees.

All employees are fully vested in their own contributions and become vested in the City's contribution after five years' participation in the plan.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City's total payroll and covered payroll under the plan was \$625,643 and \$455,900, respectively. Both the City's contribution of \$22,795 and the covered employees' contribution of \$36,390 were made for the year ended September 30, 2022.

2. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The City purchases commercial insurance to minimize the effect of possible exposure to these risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. During the past three fiscal years, there have been no settlements exceeding the amount of the City's insurance coverage.

Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the underlying securities for the City's investments at September 30, 2022, are held by the counterparties not in the name of the City. The underlying securities consist of cash, certificates of deposit, and insured money market funds.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investments consist of certificates of deposit and money market funds, minimizing credit risk associated with the City's investment portfolio.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

2. Risk Management, continued

Deposits and Investments, continued

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that market conditions and investment securities be analyzed to determine the maximum yield to be obtained and to minimize the impact of rising interest rates. The certificate of deposit maturities are as follows:

Maturities by Month	<u>A</u>	<u>Amount</u>
October 2022	\$	302,868
January 2023		317,154
July 2023		50,000
August 2023		204,395
September 2023		100,000
March 2024		80,000
April 2024		146,568
	\$	1,200,985

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At September 30, 2022, the City's investments and certificates of deposit consisted of the following:

Financial Institution	<u>Amount</u>			
First State Bank	\$	663,831		
Banner Capital Bank		457,154		
Community Bank		80,000		
Totals	\$	1,200,985		

Foreign Currency Risk. This risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. The City's investments had no exposure to foreign currency risk and the City held no investments denominated in foreign currency at September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE D - OTHER NOTES, continued

3. Commitments

Leases

On November 15, 2018, the City entered into a five-year lease for a copier from Eakes Office Plus. Rent of \$189 is due monthly through October 2024.

Rent expense was \$2,266 for the year ended September 30, 2022. The following payments are due under the leases:

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2023	\$ 2,266
2024	189
2025	-
2026	-
2027	 -
	\$ 2,455

GASB 87 has not been applied to any of the City's leases as the City does not deem the right to use assets and related lease liability obligations to be material to the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

Construction

The City had the following construction commitments at September 30, 2022:

			Expected							
	(Contract	Through Obligation			ntract Through			bligation	Completion
<u>Project</u>	4	<u>Amount</u>	<u>9/</u>	30/2022]	Pending	<u>Date</u>			
Taxiway lighting	\$	208,532	\$	-	\$	208,532	Spring 2023			
Taxiway lighting engineering		89,700		41,400		48,300	Spring 2023			
Downtown drainage		137,791				137,791	April 2023			
	\$	436,023	\$	41,400	\$	394,623				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE D - OTHER NOTES, continued

4. <u>Interlocal Agreements</u>

The City had the following interlocal agreements in effect as of September 30, 2022:

Parties to Agreement	<u>Term</u>	Description
Harlan County	October 1, 2021 - September 30, 2022	Agreement for law enforcement
Alma Public School	September 2012 - September 2022	Educational recreational facilities
Alma Public School	December 7, 2016 - indefinite	Maintenance of school tennis court
Alma Rural Fire Protection District	April 18, 2017 - indefinite	Fire and EMT services

5. Tax Abatements

The Alma Community Redevelopment Authority (CRA), who is authorized by Nebraska statutes to enter into property tax abatement agreements for the purpose of developing properties in blighted areas, has entered into tax increment financing (TIF) agreements with various redevelopers. The TIF program has the stated purpose of increasing valuation, business activity and employment in the community.

Under the TIF program, redevelopers can apply for TIF financing whereby the property tax they pay on the increased valuation of property under a TIF agreement is returned to the redeveloper by the CRA to finance the project for a period of up to 15 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2022

NOTE D - OTHER NOTES, continued

5. <u>Tax Abatements, continued</u>

Information relevant to the abatements granted by the CRA for the year ended September 30, 2022 is as follows:

TIF Project:	Years Remaining on TIF Agreements	2022 TIF Valuation	TIF Proceeds Received during the year 9-30-2022
Western Sky Phase 2	2 14	\$ 236,166	\$ 4,447
Western Sky Phase 1	. 13	237,736	4,476
Tripe Motor	11	964,085	18,151
Alma Auto Parts	7	414,145	7,797
Harlan Lodging	1	2,045,858	<u>38,519</u>
			\$ <u>73,390</u>

6. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 22, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available for issue.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GENERAL FUND

	Bu (Origi <u>Fi</u> i	<u>Actual</u>	<u>[</u>	Variances - Actual Over (Under) Final <u>Budget</u>		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	307,150		,919	\$	7,769
Motor vehicle		27,000		,078		78
Sales		340,000		,965		32,965
Franchise		3,500		,791		(709)
TIF proceeds		57,854		,915		7,061
Intergovernmental		88,799		,151		(4,648)
Licenses and permits		6,870		,495		(1,375)
Charges for services		17,900		,875		3,975
Rent		6,604		,412		808
Grants and contributions		33,189		,720		12,531
Interest income		10,000		,195		(1,805)
Loan proceeds		64,000		,578		1,578
Other		3,500	92	,493		88,993
Total resources		966,366	1,113	,587		147,221
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)						
General government		276,081	235	,802		(40,279)
Public safety		45,341	43	,532		(1,809)
Public works		12,000	11	,383		(617)
Environment and leisure		281,846	289	,453		7,607
Economic development		67,710	73	,220		5,510
Capital outlay		28,949	39	,336		10,387
Principal payments on debt		173,650	176	,053		2,403
Interest payments on debt		31,680	31	,205		(475)
Total charges to appropriations		917,257	899	,984		(17,273)
Resources over charges						
to appropriations		49,109	213	,603		164,494
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Net transfers	([134,000]	(123	,962)		10,038
RESOUCRES OVER (UNDER) CHARGES						
TO APPROPRIATIONS AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	(84,891)	\$ 89	,641	\$	174,532

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - STREET FUND

	Budget (Original and <u>Final</u>)			<u>Actual</u>	Ac (U1	ariances - tual Over nder) Final <u>Budget</u>
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)						
Sales tax	\$	90,000	\$	84,629	\$	(5,371)
Intergovernmental		170,675		178,179		7,504
Grants and donations		_		100,972		100,972
Other income		1,500		2,279		779
Total resources		262,175		366,059		103,884
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)						
Public works		272,364		215,149		(57,215)
Capital outlay		50,746		789		(49,957)
Principal payments on debt		69,650		116,074		46,424
Interest payments on debt		13,438		13,062		(376)
Total charges to appropriations		406,198		345,074		(61,124)
Resources over (under) charges to appropriations		(144,023)		20,985		165,008
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Net transfers		246,000		346,972		100,972
RESOURCES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$	101,977	\$	367,957	\$	265,980

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - AIRPORT FUND

	Budget (Original and Final) Actual					Variances - Actual Over (Under) Final <u>Budget</u>		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Charges for services	\$	13,000	\$	16,287	\$	3,287		
Rent		12,500		21,991		9,491		
Grant income		220,000		769,585		549,585		
Other income		500		1,500		1,000		
Total resources		246,000		809,363		563,363		
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS								
(OUTFLOWS)								
Operating expenditures		47,625		33,476		(14,149)		
Capital outlay		220,000		164,969		(55,031)		
Total charges to appropriations		267,625		198,445		(69,180)		
RESOURCES OVER (UNDER) CHARGES								
TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$	(21,625)	\$	610,918	\$	632,543		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenue and Expenditures

	General <u>Fund</u>		Street <u>Fund</u>		Airport Fund	
	<u> </u>			<u></u>		
Sources/inflows of resources:						
Actual amounts of resources (budgetary basis) from						
the budgetary comparison schedules	\$	1,113,587	\$	366,059	\$	809,363
Differences - budget to GAAP:						
Cash to accrual adjustments		24,091		(3,539)		(618,850)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of				_		
revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund						
balances - governmental funds	\$	1,137,678	\$	362,520	\$	190,513
Uses/outflows of resources:						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges						
to appropriations" from the budgetary						
comparison schedules	\$	899,984	\$	345,074	\$	198,445
Differences - budget to GAAP:						
Cash to accrual adjustments		5,629		2,618		(121,559)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement						
of revenues, expenditures, and changes in						
fund balances - governmental funds	\$	905,613	\$	347,692	\$	76,886



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds						
					Tota	l Nonmajor	
	Hospital Bond			pital Bond	Governmental		
	<u>C</u>	<u>CDBG</u>	<u> </u>	Sinking	<u>Funds</u>		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,168	\$	207,236	\$	218,404	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
F 11 1							
Fund balances:							
Restricted for:							
Federal programs		11,168		-		11,168	
Hospital bond debt service		-		207,236		207,236	
Total fund balances		11,168		207,236		218,404	
Total liabilities and fund							
balances	\$	11,168	\$	207,236	\$	218,404	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Special Rev					
				. 15	Total Nonmajor		
		Hospital Bond			Governmental		
	<u> </u>	<u>CDBG</u>	Sinking		<u>Funds</u>		
REVENUES							
Interest income	\$	10	\$	452	\$	462	
Loan collections		8,920		-		8,920	
Total revenues		8,930		452		9,382	
EXPENDITURES							
General government		165	-	<u>-</u>		165	
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		8,765		452		9,217	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers from other funds				20,000	-	20,000	
Net change in fund balances		8,765		20,452		29,217	
Fund balances - September 30, 2021		2,403		186,784		189,187	
Fund balances - September 30, 2022	\$	11,168	\$	207,236	\$	218,404	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -

GENERAL FUND DEPARTMENTS

	Adn	ministrative Fire		Police		Shop		
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
General property tax	\$	233,761	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Motor vehicle tax		27,078		-		-		-
Sales tax		236,428		-		-		-
Franchise		2,791		-		-		-
TIF proceeds		64,915		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue:								
State assistance		78,539		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Grants and donations		3,000		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		5,495		-		-		-
Rent		4,114		-		-		-
Interest income		8,195		-		-		-
Loan proceeds		-		-		-		-
Other receipts		50,668		-		-		132
Total revenues		714,984		-		-		132
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel services:								
Salaries and benefits		121,994		_		_		_
Operating expenses:		121,22						
Law enforcement		_		_		41,616		_
Insurance		12,560		-		- -		2,507
Professional fees		8,736		-		-		-
Meetings, seminars, and dues		8,906		_		-		_
Repairs and maintenance		8,689		_		-		1,962
Printing, postage, and publications		2,669		-		-		-
Utilities and telephone		6,098		1,915		-		6,515
Total operating expenses		47,658		1,915		41,616		10,984
Supplies		15,315		-		- -		370
Other expenses		52,212		-		-		-
Economic development		73,220		-		-		-
Capital outlay		17,828		-		-		-
Principal payments on debt		=		-		=		=
Interest payments								
Total expenditures		328,227		1,915		41,616		11,354
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures before transfers		386,757		(1,915)		(41,616)		(11,222)
TRANSFERS FROM (TO) OTHER FUNDS		(597,654)		1,915		41,616		11,251
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 	(210,897)	\$		\$		\$	29

	ommunity Building	Park	Pool	Recreation	Library	Pheasant Ridge Trail			
	<u>Summing</u>					Tuage Train			
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 80,970	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	314,731	
	-	-	-	-	-	-		27,078	
	-	-	160,816	-	-	-		397,244	
	-	-	-	-	-	-		2,791	
	-	-	-	-	-	-		64,915	
	-	-	5,612	-	-	-		84,151	
	-	-	20,843	-	1,032	-		21,875	
	4,940	-	9,300	-	28,480	-		45,720	
	-	-	-	-	-	-		5,495	
	3,298	-	-	-	-	-		7,412	
	-	-	-	-	-	-		8,195	
	-	-	65,578	-	-	-		65,578	
	3,775	5,065	13,194	1,506	18,153	-		92,493	
	12,013	5,065	356,313	1,506	47,665	-		1,137,678	
	-	8,810	49,308	-	60,866	-		240,978	
	_	_	_	_	_	_		41,616	
	4,569	2,986	9,952	3,087	3,369	_		39,030	
	-,507	2,700	-	5,007	-	_		8,736	
	_	_	85	_	2,064	_		11,055	
	10,954	5,909	18,045	4,710	17,687	6,116		74,072	
	-	183	449	-	14	-		3,315	
	10,336	8,842	10,677	1,427	4,873	2,515		53,198	
	25,859	17,920	39,208	9,224	28,007	8,631		231,022	
	1,771	1,359	12,801	613	9,593	-		41,822	
	4,640	7,725	5,404	98	2,396	-		72,475	
	-	-	-	-	-	-		73,220	
	-	-	10,688	10,820	_	-		39,336	
	-	-	176,053	-	_	-		176,053	
			30,707					30,707	
	32,270	35,814	324,169	20,755	100,862	8,631		905,613	
_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	
	(20,257)	(30,749)	32,144	(19,249)	(53,197)	(8,631)		232,065	
	310,610	28,976		19,190	51,503	8,631		(123,962)	
\$	290,353	\$ (1,773)	\$ 32,144	\$ (59)	\$ (1,694)	\$ -	\$	108,103	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alma, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alma, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Alma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

SHAREHOLDERS:

Robert D. Almquist Phillip D. Maltzahn Marcy J. Luth Heidi A. Ashby Christine R. Shenk Michael E. Hoback Joseph P. Stump Kyle R. Overturf Tracy A. Cannon

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Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described below, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Segregation of Duties

Due to limited number of personnel, there is not adequate segregation of duties to ensure internal control over cash receipts, disbursements, and recording of transactions.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Alma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Alma's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Alma's response to the findings identified in our audit and described above. The City of Alma's response to the findings identified in our audit is that due to the small size of the City, it is impractical to further segregate duties. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/AMGL, P.C.

Grand Island, Nebraska February 22, 2023