FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alma, Nebraska

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alma, Nebraska as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. SHAREHOLDERS

Robert D. Almquist Phillip D. Maltzahn Terry T. Galloway Marcy J. Luth Heidi A. Ashby Christine R. Shenk Michael E. Hoback Joseph P. Stump

1203 W 2nd Street PO Box 1407 Grand Island, NE 68802 Ph. 308-381-1810 Fax 308-381-4824 Email: cpa@gicpas.com We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alma, Nebraska, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5-13 and 53-56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Alma, Nebraska's basic financial statements. The nonmajor fund combining statements and statement of revenue and expenditures by General Fund department are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United

States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information described above is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Alma, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Alma, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Almquist, matchy 6 alloway & Luth. P.C.

Grand Island, Nebraska February 5, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

As management of the City of Alma, we offer readers of the City of Alma financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Alma for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Alma exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,858,939 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$1,142,244 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma governmental funds reported combined ending net position of \$5,565,405. Approximately 13.5 percent of this total amount, \$749,403, is *unrestricted net position*.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$503,164, or 20.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Alma's basic financial statements. The City of Alma's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Alma's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Alma's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Alma is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Alma that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities)

from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Alma include general government, public safety, highways and streets, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Alma include the Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park Enterprise Funds.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Alma, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Alma can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Alma maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Street Fund, and the Airport Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Alma adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General, Street, and Airport Funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Alma maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-

wide financial statements. The City of Alma uses enterprise funds to account for its Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park Funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Alma.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-23 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24-52 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Alma's budgetary comparison schedules. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 53-56 of this report.

The nonmajor governmental funds combining statements and the statement of General Fund revenue and expenditures by department can be found on pages 57-59.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Alma, assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,858,939 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Summary Statements of Net Position

	S	September 30, 201	5	September 30, 2014				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,206,885	\$ 475,939	\$ 1,682,824	\$ 2,712,653	\$ 490,121	\$ 3,202,774		
Capital Assets	7,084,788	2,362,662	9,447,450	5,523,751	2,389,356	7,913,107		
Total Assets	8,291,673	2,838,601	11,130,274	8,236,404	2,879,477	11,115,881		
Long-term Liabilities	2,515,499	324,296	2,839,795	2,471,840	462,523	2,934,363		
Other Liabilities	210,769	220,771	431,540	183,664	209,402	393,066		
Total Liabilities	2,726,268	545,067	3,271,335	2,655,504	671,925	3,327,429		
Net Position:								
Net Investment in								
Capital Assets	4,415,186	1,900,693	6,315,879	2,912,191	1,790,717	4,702,908		
Restricted	400,816	-	400,816	1,824,255	-	1,824,255		
Unrestricted	749,403	392,841	1,142,244	844,454	416,835	1,261,289		
Total Net Position	\$ 5,565,405	\$ 2,293,534	\$ 7,858,939	\$ 5,580,900	\$ 2,207,552	\$ 7,788,452		

By far the largest portion of the City of Alma's net position (80.4 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Alma uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Alma's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Alma's net position (5.1 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$1,142,244) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole and for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

Year	Ended Sep	per 30, 2015	Year	ber 30, 2014			
P	Program		Program		rogram	Program	
<u>R</u>	Revenues		Expenses		<u>evenues</u>	Expenses	
\$	250	\$	270,759	\$	1,361	\$	244,633
	-		-		-		120,000
	10,854		66,750		-		63,065
	-		143,724		-		133,195
	23,773		228,154		39,670		217,775
	153,436		43,636		222,759		13,737
	-		22,893		-		20,501
	-		63,415		-		48,332
	-		278,625		-		215,627
\$	\$ 188,313		1,117,956	\$	263,790	\$	1,076,865
	P <u>R</u>	Program Revenues \$ 250 - 10,854 - 23,773 153,436	Program E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	Revenues Expenses \$ 250 \$ 270,759 - - 10,854 66,750 - 143,724 23,773 228,154 153,436 43,636 - 22,893 - 63,415 - 278,625	Program Revenues Program Expenses Program R \$ 250 \$ 270,759 \$ \$ 10,854 66,750 - 143,724 23,773 228,154 153,436 43,636 - 22,893 - 63,415 - 278,625	Program Revenues Program Expenses Program Revenues \$ 250 \$ 270,759 \$ 1,361 - - - 10,854 66,750 - - 143,724 - 23,773 228,154 39,670 153,436 43,636 222,759 - 22,893 - - 63,415 - - 278,625 -	Program Revenues Program Expenses Program Revenues \$ 250 \$ 270,759 \$ 1,361 \$

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

SOURCES OF REVENUE

	Year_	Ended Septe	ember 30, 2	<u> 2015</u>	Year	Ended Septe	ember 30, 2014
Charges for Services	\$	38,341	3.48	%	\$	21,293	1.22 %
Operating Grants and Contributions		22,476	2.04			30,697	1.75
Capital Grants and Contributions		127,496	11.56			211,800	12.10
Property Taxes		291,263	26.42			215,669	12.32
Motor Vehicle Taxes		23,821	2.16			22,116	1.26
Sales Tax		307,332	27.88			304,843	17.42
Franchise Taxes		1,667	0.15			1,867	0.11
State Allocation		226,821	20.57			226,871	12.96
Miscellaneous		35,450	3.22			300,019	17.14
Loss on Disposal of Equipment		(83,941)	(7.61)			-	-
Interest		5,545	0.50			5,107	0.29
Transfers		106,190	9.63			410,152	23.43
Total	\$	1,102,461	100.00	%	\$	1,750,434	100.00 %

Net position decreased \$15,495 in the governmental funds during the year ended September 30, 2015.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Alma's net position by \$85,982. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities

	Year Ended September 30, 2015					Year Ended September 30, 2014				
	Program			Program		Program		Program		
Function	<u>F</u>	Revenues]	Expenses		Revenues	Expenses			
Gas	\$	478,220	\$	439,260	\$	563,338	\$	471,918		
Water		269,203		239,112		209,607		234,989		
Sewer	75,799			68,551		69,111		77,708		
Trash	168,149			184,145		163,502		193,059		
Electric	-		- 4,43			-	4,43			
Golf		280,716		327,329		276,461		274,096		
RV Park		49,469		30,269		32,326		26,316		
Total		1,321,556		1,293,097		1,314,345		1,282,518		
Interfund transfers				106,190				410,152		
	\$ 1,321,556		\$	\$ 1,399,287		\$ 1,314,345		1,692,670		

Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities

SOURCES OF REVENUE

	Yes	ar Ended Septe	mber 30, 2015	Year Ended September 30, 2014			
Charges for Services	\$	1,316,556	88.64 %	\$	1,300,695	87.47 %	
Grants and Contributions		5,000	0.34		13,750	0.92	
Franchise Fees		173,860	11.71		172,615	11.61	
Loss on Disposal of Equipment		(10,235)	(0.69)		-	-	
Interest		88			51		
Total	\$	1,485,269	100.00 %	\$	1,487,111	100.00 %	

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Alma uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Alma's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Alma's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,138,705. Approximately 44.2 percent of this total amount (\$503,164) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balances is not available for new spending because it has already been 1) restricted for hospital bond debt service (\$64,265), 2) restricted to fire pension (\$43,498), 3) restricted for street improvements (\$279,173), 4) restricted for Federal programs (\$13,880), 5) assigned for street improvements (\$804), 6) nonspendable for inventory (\$6,838), 7) assigned for airport operations (\$59,146), or 8) assigned for budgetary stabilization (\$168,741).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Alma. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$503,164, while total fund balance was \$714,599. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 20.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 28.8 percent of the same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Alma's General Fund decreased by \$(1,578,925) during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. The City of Alma's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year were as follows: Gas Fund - \$179,287, Water Fund - \$100,683, Sewer Fund - \$28,283, Trash Fund - \$15,922, Electric Fund - \$58,994, Golf Fund - deficit of \$(14,815), and RV Park Fund - \$24,487. The Gas Fund net position decreased \$(4,807), the Water Fund net position increased \$27,971, the Sewer Fund net position increased \$4,706, the Trash Fund net position increased \$23,689, the Electric Fund net position decreased \$(8,164), the Golf Fund net position increased \$25,922, and the RV Park Fund net position increased \$16,665. Other factors concerning the finances of these seven funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Alma's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

The City of Alma amended its budget during the year ended September 30, 2015 to increase expenditures in the General Fund \$765,389 for operating expenses, capital improvements and transfers, the Golf Fund \$54,055 for operating expenses and capital outlay, the RV Park Fund \$16,000 for operating expenses and the Water Fund \$20,000 for operating expenses and capital outlay.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Alma's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015, amounts to \$9,447,450 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges.

Major capital asset events (individually greater than \$10,000) during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Electronic sign \$20,182
- Lucas device \$10,854
- Swimming pool project \$1,680,426
- Swimming pool parking lot construction in progress \$21,400
- 2014 Chevy Silverado 1500 \$23,991
- Airport papi lights project \$90,368
- Airport hangar/terminal construction in progress \$61,036
- John Deere mower \$16,965

- Greensmaster 3300 mower \$32,965
- RV Park restroom/bathhouse \$91,586

City of Alma's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Year En	ded September	30, 2015	Year Ended September 30, 2014				
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total		
Land	\$ 163,751	\$ 242,856	\$ 406,607	\$ 238,866	\$ 242,856	\$ 481,722		
Construction in Progress	82,436	-	82,436	491,394	-	491,394		
Buildings and Improvements	5,138,310	614,620	5,752,930	3,165,166	552,949	3,718,115		
Machinery and Equipment	457,679	390,883	848,562	351,375	438,891	790,266		
Infrastructure	1,242,612	-	1,242,612	1,276,950	-	1,276,950		
Distribution Systems		1,114,303	1,114,303	-	1,154,660	1,154,660		
Total	\$ 7,084,788	\$ 2,362,662	\$ 9,447,450	\$ 5,523,751	\$ 2,389,356	\$ 7,913,107		

Additional information on the City of Alma's capital assets can be found in Note C5 on pages 44-44 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma had total bonded debt and notes payable outstanding of \$3,131,571.

City of Alma's Outstanding Debt

	Year En	ded September	30, 2015	Year Ended September 30, 2014				
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental Business-type				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,970,000	\$ -	\$ 1,970,000	\$ 2,070,000	\$ -	\$ 2,070,000		
Various Purpose Bonds	450,000	-	450,000	480,000	-	480,000		
Refunding Bonds	-	128,000	128,000	-	171,000	171,000		
Notes Payable	249,602	333,969	583,571	61,560	427,639	489,199		
Total	\$ 2,669,602	\$ 461,969	\$ 3,131,571	\$ 2,611,560	\$ 598,639	\$ 3,210,199		

The City of Alma's total debt decreased by \$78,628 (2.4 percent) during the current fiscal year, due to scheduled payments which were partially offset by the issuance of a pool slide loan.

The City of Alma does not have a bond rating.

Additional information on the City of Alma's long-term debt can be found in Note C7 on pages 45-48 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Property tax asking for the year ending September 30, 2016, is \$291,082, the same as the prior year.
- The City has a commitment of \$61,200 for the hangar/terminal project.
- The City has a commitment of \$248,947 for the swimming pool slide and parking lot.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Alma's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Alma's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Treasurer, City of Alma, P.O. Box 468, Alma, NE 68920.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2015

	Primary Government						
	Governmental	Business-type					
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>				
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 469,549	\$ 114,746	\$ 584,295				
Certificates of deposit	243,000	157,000	400,000				
County treasurer cash	17,452	-	17,452				
Receivables:							
Accounts, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	-	118,379	118,379				
Unbilled revenue	1.075	33,588	33,588				
Current portion of notes receivable	1,275	=	1,275				
Property tax	8,429	-	8,429				
Sales tax	49,287	-	49,287				
Inventory	6,838	27,226	34,064				
Total current assets	795,830	450,939	1,246,769				
Noncurrent assets:	220.04.5	25.000	277.016				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	230,816	25,000	255,816				
Restricted certificates of deposit	170,000	-	170,000				
Noncurrent portion of notes receivable	10,239	-	10,239				
Capital assets:							
Land	163,751	242,856	406,607				
Construction in progress	82,436	=	82,436				
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	6,838,601	2,119,806	8,958,407				
Net capital assets	7,084,788	2,362,662	9,447,450				
Total noncurrent assets	7,495,843	2,387,662	9,883,505				
Total assets	8,291,673	2,838,601	11,130,274				
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	31,447	45,256	76,703				
Accrued expenses	25,219	12,448	37,667				
Customer deposits	-	25,394	25,394				
Current portion of long-term obligations	154,103	137,673	291,776				
Total current liabilities	210,769	220,771	431,540				
Noncurrent liabilities:	-,	-,	- ,				
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	2,515,499	324,296	2,515,498				
Total liabilities	2,726,268	545,067	2,947,038				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	4,415,186	1,900,693	6,315,879				
Restricted for:	1,115,100	1,700,073	0,313,077				
Fire pension	43,498	_	43,498				
Street improvements	279,173	_	279,173				
Federal programs	13,880	-	13,880				
Hospital bond debt service	64,265	_	64,265				
Unrestricted	749,403	392,841	1,142,244				
Total net position	\$ 5,565,405	\$ 2,293,534	\$ 7,858,939				

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

			Program Revenues			
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		perating rants and atributions	
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	270,759	\$ -	\$	250	
Public safety		66,750	-		10,854	
Public works		143,724	-		-	
Environment and leisure		228,154	12,401		11,372	
Airport		43,636	25,940		-	
Economic development		22,893	-		-	
Interest and fees on long-term debt		63,415	-		-	
Depreciation - unallocated		278,625	-		-	
Total governmental activities		1,117,956	 38,341		22,476	
Business-type activities:						
Gas		439,260	478,220		-	
Water		239,112	269,203		-	
Sewer		68,551	75,799		-	
Trash		184,145	168,149		-	
Electric		4,431	-		-	
Golf		327,329	275,716		5,000	
RV Park		30,269	 49,469			
Total business-type activities		1,293,097	1,316,556		5,000	
Total primary government	\$	2,411,053	\$ 1,354,897	\$	27,476	

Capital	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position							
Grants and	Governmental	Business-type						
<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>					
\$ -	\$ (270,509)		\$ (270,509)					
-	(55,896)		(55,896)					
-	(143,724)		(143,724)					
-	(204,381)		(204,381)					
127,496	109,800		109,800					
-	(22,893)		(22,893)					
-	(63,415)		(63,415)					
<u> </u>	(278,625)		(278,625)					
127,496	(929,643)	\$ -	(929,643)					
_	_	38,960	38,960					
<u>-</u>	_	30,091	30,091					
-	_	7,248	7,248					
-	-	(15,996)	(15,996)					
-	-	(4,431)	(4,431)					
-	-	(46,613)	(46,613)					
-	-	19,200	19,200					
<u>-</u>		28,459	28,459					
\$ 127,496	(929,643)	28,459	(901,184)					
General revenues: Taxes:								
Property	291,263	-	291,263					
Motor vehicle	23,821	-	23,821					
Sales tax	307,332	-	307,332					
Franchise	1,667	173,860	175,527					
State allocation	226,821	=	226,821					
Miscellaneous	35,450	-	35,450					
Loss on disposal of equipment	(83,941)	(10,235)	(94,176)					
Interest income	5,545	(106.100)	5,633					
Interfund transfers	106,190	(106,190)	071 671					
Total general revenues Change in net position	914,148 (15,495)	57,523 85,982	971,671 70,487					
Net position - September 30, 2014	5,580,900	2,207,552	7,788,452					
Net position - September 30, 2015	\$ 5,565,405	\$ 2,293,534	\$ 7,858,939					

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2015

						Other		Total
		General	Street		Airport	ernmental Funds	Go	vernmental Funds
	•	General	Birect	-	mport	<u>r unus</u>		<u>r unus</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	456,838	\$ 109,173	\$	56,209	\$ 78,145	\$	700,365
Certificates of deposit		238,000	170,000		5,000	-		413,000
County treasurer cash		17,452	-		-	-		17,452
Receivables:								
Property tax		8,429	-		-	-		8,429
Sales tax		38,333	10,954		-	-		49,287
Inventory			 		6,838	-		6,838
Total assets	\$	759,052	\$ 290,127	\$	68,047	\$ 78,145	\$	1,195,371
LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	24,824	\$ 4,560	\$	2,063	\$ -	\$	31,447
Payroll withholdings		1,386	-		-	-		1,386
Accrued payroll		3,950	1,027		-	-		4,977
Accrued interest payable		14,293	4,563		-	-		18,856
Total liabilities		44,453	 10,150		2,063	-		56,666
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		-	-		6,838	-		6,838
Restricted for:								
Fireman pension		43,498	-		-	-		43,498
Street improvements		-	279,173		-	-		279,173
Federal programs		-	-		-	13,880		13,880
Hospital bond debt service		-	-		-	64,265		64,265
Assigned for:								
Airport		-	-		59,146	-		59,146
Street improvements		-	804		-	-		804
Budgetary stabilization		167,937	-		-	-		167,937
Unassigned		503,164	-		-	 -		503,164
Total fund balances		714,599	279,977		65,984	 78,145		1,138,705
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	759,052	\$ 290,127	\$	68,047	\$ 78,145	\$	1,195,371

See notes to financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 1,138,705
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:		
Notes receivable are not recorded as an asset in the fund financial statements.		11,514
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$9,597,646 and the accumulated depreciation is \$2,512,858.		7,084,788
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds payable Notes payable	\$ (2,420,000) (249,602)	 (2,669,602)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 5,565,405

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

REVENUES	<u>(</u>	<u>General</u>		<u>Street</u>		<u>Airport</u>	Go	Other vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Taxes:			_		_		_		_	
Property	\$	291,263	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	291,263
Motor vehicle		23,821		-		-		-		23,821
Sales tax		234,106		73,226		-		-		307,332
Franchise		1,667		-		-		-		1,667
Intergovernmental		84,589		142,232		-		-		226,821
Licenses and permits		5,759		-		-		-		5,759
Charges for services		12,401		-		25,940		-		38,341
Rent		7,336		-		13,369		-		20,705
Grants and donations		22,476		-		127,496		-		149,972
Loan collections		-		-		-		1,615		1,615
Interest income		5,450		-		-		95		5,545
Loan proceeds		199,902		-		-		-		199,902
Other income		6,347		2,439		200		-		8,986
Total revenues		895,117		217,897		167,005		1,710		1,281,729
EXPENDITURES										
General government		270,739		-		-		20		270,759
Public safety		66,750		-		-		-		66,750
Public works		11,128		132,596		-		-		143,724
Environment and leisure		228,154		-		-		-		228,154
Airport		-		-		43,636		-		43,636
Economic development		22,893		-		-		-		22,893
Capital outlay		1,748,208		23,991		151,404		-		1,923,603
Principal payments on debt		87,140		45,000		9,720		-		141,860
Interest on long-term debt		48,706		14,709		-		-		63,415
Total expenditures		2,483,718		216,296		204,760		20		2,904,794
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,588,601)		1,601		(37,755)		1,690		(1,623,065)
OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES		0.676		1.2		76.501		20.000		106 100
Transfers from other funds		9,676		13		76,501		20,000		106,190
Net change in fund balances	(1,578,925)		1,614		38,746		21,690		(1,516,875)
Fund balances - September 30, 2014		2,293,524		278,363		27,238		56,455		2,655,580
Fund balances - September 30, 2015	\$	714,599	\$	279,977	\$	65,984	\$	78,145	\$	1,138,705

See notes to financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (1,516,875)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Payments on notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as revenue, but the payments decrease notes receivable in the statement of activities.	(1,615)
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay (\$1,923,603) exceeds depreciation expense (\$278,625).	1,644,978
Remaining basis on capital asset disposals does not impact the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the remaining basis decreases sales proceeds.	(83,941)
Loan proceeds are reported as revenue in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(199,902)
Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	141,860
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (15,495)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2015

	Enterprise Funds							
		Gas		Water		Sewer		Trash
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,193	\$	24,105	\$	13,614	\$	1
Certificates of deposit		110,000		40,000		7,000		-
Receivables:								
Accounts, net of allowance for								
doubtful accounts		9,082		32,953		5,844		11,507
Unbilled revenue		9,112		14,150		3,087		7,239
Due from other funds		4,432		-		-		-
Inventory		16,047		8,723		-		-
Total current assets		198,866		119,931		29,545		18,747
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		10,800		6,850		7,350		-
Capital assets:								
Land		1,000		77,068		135,588		7,200
Distribution systems		144,250		1,803,921		143,893		-
Buildings and improvements		4,882		5,785		415,546		52,123
Equipment		103,395		183,814		159,130		325,678
Less accumulated depreciation		(214,742)		1,057,376)		(435,685)		(177,271)
Net capital assets		38,785		1,013,212		418,472		207,730
Total noncurrent assets		49,585		1,020,062		425,822		207,730
Total assets		248,451		1,139,993		455,367		226,477
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		16,285		15,224		1,356		1,624
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll		2,112		1,213		-		952
Accrued interest payable		-		227		-		249
Sales tax payable		882		1,990		406		-
Customer deposits		11,100		7,444		6,850		-
Current portion of								
long-term obligations		-		42,000		-		75,769
Total current liabilities		30,379		68,098		8,612		78,594
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Noncurrent portion of								
long-term obligations				86,000				103,404
Total liabilities	-	30,379		154,098		8,612		181,998
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		38,785		885,212		418,472		28,557
Unrestricted		179,287		100,683		28,283		15,922
Total net position	\$	218,072	\$	985,895	\$	446,755	\$	44,479

See notes to financial statements.

			Enterp Golf	rise Fu	nds V Park				
Е									
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>und</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Elin</u>	ninations		<u>Total</u>
\$	1	\$	_	\$	26,832	\$	_	\$	114,746
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	20,032	Ψ	_	Ψ	157,000
									137,000
	58,993		_		_		_		118,379
	-		_		_		_		33,588
	_		_		-		(4,432)		-
	-		2,456		-		-		27,226
	58,994		2,456		26,832		(4,432)		450,939
	-		-		-		-		25,000
	_		22,000		_		_		242,856
	177,258		-		-		-		2,269,322
	_		516,161		119,593		-		1,114,090
	_		385,814		25,747		-		1,183,578
	(39,881)	(494,345)		(27,884)		-	(2,447,184)
	137,377		429,630		117,456		-		2,362,662
	137,377		429,630		117,456		_		2,387,662
	196,371		432,086		144,288		(4,432)	-	2,838,601
	-		8,527		2,240		-		45,256
	-		4,432		-		(4,432)		´-
	_		1,914		-		-		6,191
	-		1,178		-		-		1,654
	-		1,220		105		-		4,603
	-		-		-		-		25,394
			19,904				-		137,673
	-		37,175		2,345		(4,432)		220,771
			124 802						224 206
			134,892		2 245		(4.422)		324,296
			172,067		2,345		(4,432)	-	545,067
	137,377		274,834		117,456		-		1,900,693
	58,994		(14,815)		24,487		_		392,841
\$	196,371	\$	260,019	\$	141,943	\$		\$ 2	2,293,534

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Enterprise Funds							
	Gas	Water	Sewer	Trash				
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>				
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 473,050	\$ 253,705	\$ 68,774	\$ 165,749				
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-				
Other revenue	5,170	15,498	7,025	2,400				
Total operating revenues	478,220	269,203	75,799	168,149				
Operating expenses:								
Purchased energy	277,086	-	-	-				
Personnel services	119,811	90,712	25,127	68,999				
Utilities and telephone	1,672	18,775	5,775	434				
Repairs and maintenance	14,672	41,829	3,476	7,444				
Supplies	(235)	12,330	906	1,090				
Professional fees	632	3,399	982	77				
Insurance and bonds	3,942	8,877	1,221	3,002				
Fuel and transportation	1,569	2,489	29	9,727				
Dues and fees	2,252	1,254	230	45				
Contractual obligations	-	-	-	26,436				
Miscellaneous	4,677	3,440	2,296	1,932				
Depreciation	13,182	54,569	28,509	60,771				
Total operating expenses	439,260	237,674	68,551	179,957				
Operating income (loss)	38,960	31,529	7,248	(11,808)				
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Interest income	-	-	-	-				
Contributions	-	-	_	-				
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(3,982)	(2,120)	(2,542)	-				
Interest expense	-	(1,438)	_	(4,188)				
Total nonoperating revenues								
(expenses)	(3,982)	(3,558)	(2,542)	(4,188)				
Income (loss) before								
interfund transfers	34,978	27,971	4,706	(15,996)				
Interfund transfers:								
Transfers from (to) other funds	(39,785)			39,685				
Change in net position	(4,807)	27,971	4,706	23,689				
Net position - September 30, 2014	222,879	957,924	442,049	20,790				
Net position - September 30, 2015	\$ 218,072	\$ 985,895	\$ 446,755	\$ 44,479				

See notes to financial statements.

	Enterprise Funds							
	Electric Golf RV Park							
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>					
\$ -	\$ 275,421	\$ 49,366	\$ 1,286,065					
173,860	-	-	173,860					
	295	103	30,491					
173,860	275,716	49,469	1,490,416					
_	_	_	277,086					
_	115,777	8,425	428,851					
_	22,585	13,979	63,220					
_	68,501	1,927	137,849					
_	71,328	723	86,142					
_	169	-	5,259					
-	6,942	999	24,983					
_	6,191	388	20,393					
-	335	-	4,116					
-	-	-	26,436					
-	2,901	-	15,246					
4,431	27,315	3,828	192,605					
4,431	322,044	30,269	1,282,186					
169,429	(46,328)	19,200	208,230					
,	(13,523)	,						
	0.0		0.0					
-	88	-	88					
-	5,000	(1.501)	5,000					
-	- (5 205)	(1,591)	(10,235)					
	(5,285)		(10,911)					
	(197)	(1,591)	(16,058)					
169,429	(46,525)	17,609	192,172					
(177,593)	72,447	(944)	(106,190)					
(8,164)	25,922	16,665	85,982					
204,535	234,097	125,278	2,207,552					
\$ 196,371	\$ 260,019	\$ 141,943	\$ 2,293,534					

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Enterprise Funds				
		Gas		Water	
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from customers	\$	478,821	\$	258,050	
Payments to suppliers		(300,747)		(79,436)	
Payments to employees		(119,691)		(90,529)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		58,383		88,085	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Change in due to/from other funds		17,028		(6,617)	
Transfers from (to) other funds		(39,785)		-	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(22,757)		(6,617)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of property and equipment		(7,250)		(12,480)	
Grants and contributions received		-		-	
Principal payments on capital debt		-		(43,000)	
Interest paid on capital debt				(1,627)	
Net cash used by capital and					
related financing activities		(7,250)		(57,107)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Increase in restricted cash		(950)		(256)	
Interest received				-	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(950)		(256)	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		27,426		24,105	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year		22,767			
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$	50,193	\$	24,105	

			Ente	rprise Funds						
Sewer		Trash	sh Electric		Golf		RV Park			
<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>	
\$ 76,814	\$	169,823	\$	168,243	\$ 275,716	\$	49,469	\$	1,476,936	
(23,034)		(52,325)		-	(173,365)		(18,586)		(647,493)	
(26,015)		(69,511)		_	(115,759)		(8,425)		(429,930)	
27,765		47,987		168,243	(13,408)		22,458		399,513	
(5,991)		(8,852)			4,432					
(3,771)		39,685		(177,593)	72,447		(944)		(106,190)	
 (5,991)		30,833		(177,593)	 76,879		(944)		(106,190)	
(-,,		,		(, ,	,		()		(, ,	
(7,110)		-		-	(58,020)		(91,286)		(176,146)	
-		-		-	5,000		-		5,000	
-		(74,528)		-	(19,142)		-		(136,670)	
 		(4,291)			 (5,487)				(11,405)	
(7,110)		(78,819)		-	(77,649)		(91,286)		(319,221)	
(1,050)		-		-	-		-		(2,256)	
 -					 88				88	
(1,050)		-		-	88		-		(2,168)	
13,614		1		(9,350)	(14,090)		(69,772)		(28,066)	
		-		9,351	14,090		96,604		142,812	
\$ 13,614	\$	1	\$	1	\$ -	\$	26,832	\$	114,746	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Enterprise Funds				
	Gas			Water	
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	38,960	\$	31,529	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		13,182		54,569	
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable and unbilled revenue		(649)		(12,003)	
Inventories		(406)		4,371	
Accounts payable		5,861		7,943	
Accrued payroll		120		183	
Other accrued expenses		65		643	
Customer deposits		1,250		850	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	58,383	\$	88,085	

See notes to financial statements.

			Ente	rprise Funds				
Sewer Trash				Electric	Golf	R	RV Park	
<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 7,248	\$	(11,808)	\$	169,429	\$ (46,328)	\$	19,200	\$ 208,230
28,509		60,771		4,431	27,315		3,828	192,605
465		1,674		(5,617)	-		-	(16,130)
-		-		-	537		-	4,502
(8,114)		(2,138)		-	4,728		1,008	9,288
(888)		(512)		-	18		-	(1,079)
(5)		-		-	322		(1,578)	(553)
550		_		-	=		-	2,650
\$ 27,765	\$	47,987	\$	168,243	\$ (13,408)	\$	22,458	\$ 399,513

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Alma, Nebraska (City) are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note.

1. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Alma, Nebraska, was incorporated in 1871. The City operates under a City Council form of government with an elected chief executive, Mayor, and an elected legislative body, Council, composed of four members. The Mayor is elected at large for a four-year term, and the four members of the City Council are elected on four-year terms. The administration of the City government is performed under the direction of the Mayor by the City Administrator. Services provided to residents include public safety; highways and streets; planning and zoning; parks; recreation; urban development; electric, water, and sanitary sewer systems; gas; and general administrative services.

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: City of Alma

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, and has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may be financially accountable, and, as such, should be included within the City's financial statements. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

1. Financial Reporting Entity, continued

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation. Currently, the City has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. Currently, the City has no discretely presented component units.

2. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Fund Financial Statements, continued

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

Fund	Brief Description
Major:	
Governmental:	
General	See page 27 for description.
Street	The Street Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that accounts for the City's share of highway allocation from the State of Nebraska.
Airport	The Airport Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that accounts for airport operations.
Proprietary:	
Enterprise:	9. 27.6 1
Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park	See page 27 for description.
Nonmajor:	
Special Revenue:	
CDBG	Accounts for the City's share of Community Development Block Grant Program.
Hospital Bond Sinking	Accounts for funds collected by the City for the hospital's bonds debt service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b, below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

Basis of Accounting, continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or the economic asset is used.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand accounts and savings accounts. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all cash on hand, demand accounts, savings accounts, and equity in pooled cash which has an original maturity of three months or less. The County Treasurer's cash represents revenues collected not yet remitted to the City.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Notes B2, C1, and D2.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include special assessments and property taxes. Business-type activities report utility billings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as special assessments and property taxes, since they are usually both measurable and available. Proprietary fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Capital Assets, continued

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized and reported in the Statement of Net Position. The City has a \$1,000 capitalization threshold. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City has elected the depreciation approach for reporting infrastructure.

Depreciation of general capital assets and all proprietary capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The ranges of estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings	20-50 years
Improvements	10-50 years
Machinery and Equipment	3-20 years
Utility System	25-50 years

The governmental funds infrastructure assets are capitalized under the prospective method, valued at cost. The cost of normal maintenance, preservation, and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds and notes payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted net position" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Equity Classifications, continued

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Effective October 1, 2010, the City has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable—Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted—Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed—Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council ordinance or resolution.

Assigned—Amounts that are designated by the Mayor for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the City Council.

Unassigned—All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 16). Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the City Council or the Assignment has been changed by the Mayor. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Sales and Use Tax

The City presently levies a two-cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is to be used for the following purposes:

1 percent – General operating costs

1/2 percent – Pool debt service

1/2 percent – Street and civic improvement and renovations

The sales tax is collected by the Nebraska Department of Revenue and remitted to the City in the month following receipt. The Nebraska Department of Revenue receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. Eighty-two percent of the sales tax is recorded in the General Fund and used for budgeted operating expenses and pool debt service. The remaining eighteen percent is recorded in the Street Fund and used for budgeted expenses.

Sales taxes collected by the State in August and September and received by the City in October and November have been accrued and are included in receivables. As of October 1, 2006, sales tax collected on the sale of motor vehicles is recorded in the Street Fund as required by LB904.

Property Taxes

The City has the power to levy taxes each year sufficient to pay any judgment existing against the City, the interest on bonded debt, and the principal on bonded debt maturing during the fiscal year or within six months thereafter, as well as taxes authorized by state law.

The tax levies for all political subdivisions in Harlan County are certified by the County Board on or before October 15. Real estate taxes are due on December 31 and attach as an enforceable lien and become delinquent in two equal installments on May 1 and September 1. Personal property taxes are due in the same manner as real estate taxes. Delinquent taxes bear 14 percent interest.

Property taxes levied for 2014-2015 are recorded as revenue when expected to be collected within 60 days after September 30, 2015. Prior-year levies were recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are re-evaluated annually. Property taxes expected to be collected after 60 days are recorded as deferred revenue on the fund balance sheets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses, continued

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – by Character and Function

Proprietary Funds – by Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

1. Fund Accounting Requirements

The City complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include: General and Special Revenue Funds.

2. <u>Deposit Laws and Regulations</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or with U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits. The City's demand deposits are insured up to \$250,000 and certificates of deposit/savings accounts are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Any bank deposits in excess of the FDIC limits are insured by collateral held by the pledging institution in the City's name.

3. Revenue Restrictions

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources are described in Note A2 for the various funds.

4. Debt Restrictions and Covenants

Bonds Payable

The various bond ordinances relating to the bonds payable contain some restrictions or covenants that are financial-related. These include covenants such as debt service coverage requirements and required reserve account balances. The City is in compliance with the bond restrictions and covenants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

5. Budgetary Data

The City is required by state laws to adopt annual budgets for all fund types. Each budget is presented on the cash basis of accounting, which is consistent with the requirements of the state budget act.

The Nebraska Budget Act provides the prescribed budget practices and procedures that governing bodies are required to follow. The amounts that may be budgeted for certain specific funds are subject to various expenditure and/or tax levy limitations.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

- a. On or before August 1, the City prepares a budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and resources available.
- b. The budget is published with subsequent public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to September 20, the City Council adopts the budget, which is then filed with the appropriate state and county officials.
- d. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations. Appropriations lapse at year end and any revisions require board approval.
- e. The County Clerk certifies a preliminary property tax levy for each fund of the City which levied property taxes in the county the previous year based on the combined valuation and amount required for the City the prior year. The preliminary levy becomes the final levy unless the governing board passes, by a majority vote, a resolution setting the levy at a different amount.
- f. The property tax requirements resulting from the budget process are utilized by the County Assessor to establish the tax levy. Taxes are levied annually on or before October 15. Real property taxes and personal property taxes are due December 31 with the first half delinquent May 1 and the second half delinquent September 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

5. Budgetary Data, continued

- g. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except for capital improvement appropriations and certain encumbrances against operating budgets.
- h. The City of Alma adopts a budget by resolution for all fund types.

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for the City's various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

1. Cash and Certificates of Deposit

Deposits

The City's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note A4. The table presented below is designed to disclose how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at September 30, 2015. The categories of collateral are defined as follows:

Category 1 – Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the City (or public trust) or by its agent in its name.

Category 2 – Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3 – Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name; or collateralized with no written or approved collateral agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

1. Cash and Certificates of Deposit, continued

Deposits, continued

Types of Deposits	Total Bank <u>Balance</u>	Category <u>1</u>	Category <u>2</u>	Category <u>3</u>	Total Carrying <u>Value</u>
Demand deposits and certificates of deposit	\$ 1,433,681	\$ 825,353	\$ 608,328	\$ -	\$ <u>1,410,111</u>
Reconciliation to Gov Primary Governme	01111110110 W100 State	ement of Net Po	sition:		
•	sh and cash equival	ents			\$ 584,295
	and cash equivalen				255,816
	tificates of deposit				400,000
Restricted certif	ficates of deposit				170,000
					\$ <u>1,410,111</u>

2. Restricted Assets

The restricted assets as of September 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-type <u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>
Type of Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit	\$	230,816 170,000	\$	25,000	\$ 255,816 170,000
	\$	400,816	\$	25,000	\$ 425,816

The governmental activities' restricted assets as of September 30, 2015, consisted of \$43,498 in the General Fund restricted for fire pension, \$279,173 in the Street Fund restricted for street improvements, \$13,880 in the CDBG Fund restricted for federal programs and \$64,265 in the Hospital Bond Sinking Fund restricted for hospital bond debt service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

2. Restricted Assets, continued

The business-type activities restricted assets as of September 30, 2015, consisted of \$10,800 in the Gas Fund, \$6,850 in the Water Fund and \$7,350 in the Sewer Fund restricted for customer deposits.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of utilities receivable. Receivables detail at September 30, 2015, is as follows:

	Business-ty <u>Activitie</u>		
Accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	128,379 (10,000)	
Net accounts receivable	\$	118,379	

4. <u>Notes Receivable</u>

The CDBG Fund has made two rehab loans. Notes receivable at September 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Interest-free note for \$15,501 dated November 9, 2005; due in 240 monthly payments of \$64.59 through November 1, 2025.	\$ 7,514
Interest-free note for \$10,000 dated August 31, 2005; due in 240 monthly payments of \$41.67 through October 1, 2025.	4,000
Total governmental activities notes receivable	\$ <u>11,514</u>
Current portion	\$ 1,275
Noncurrent portion	10,239
Total	\$ 11,514

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance at October 1, 2014	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Reclass	Balance at September 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 238,866 491,394 730,260	\$ - 1,853,230 1,853,230	\$ (75,115) - (75,115)	\$ - (2,262,188) (2,262,188)	\$ 163,751 82,436 246,187
Other capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Building and improvements Equipment Total other capital assets at historical cost	1,369,501 4,608,027 1,305,516 7,283,044	70,373	(45,015) (219,131) (264,146)	2,145,386 116,802 2,262,188	1,369,501 6,708,398 1,273,560 9,351,459
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Building and improvements Equipment Total accumulated depreciation Other capital assets, net	(92,551) (1,442,861) (954,141) (2,489,553) 4,793,491	(34,338) (168,785) (75,502) (278,625) * (208,252)	41,558 213,762 255,320 (8,826)	2,262,188	(126,889) (1,570,088) (815,881) (2,512,858) 6,838,601
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,523,751	\$ 1,644,978	\$ (83,941)	\$ -	\$ 7,084,788

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

5. <u>Capital Assets, continued</u>

* Depreciation expense was incurred by the following governmental activities:

General Fund:

General government	\$	15,018
Public safety:		
Fire		17,778
Public works:		
Shop		3,161
Environment and leisure:		
Community buildings		3,858
Library		1,462
Park		9,497
Pheasant Ridge trail		35,872
Pool		26,926
Parks and recreation	_	3,882
Total environment and leisure	-	81,497
Total General Fund		117,454
Street Fund		67,111
Airport Fund	_	94,060
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 2	<u>278,625</u>

Construction in progress at September 30, 2015 consists of \$21,400 of construction costs on the swimming pool parking lot project and \$61,036 of engineering on the airport hangar/terminal project. See Note D3 for additional details on construction commitments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

5. Capital Assets, continued

	_	Balance at					_	Balance at
	<u>Oct</u>	ober 1, 2014	<u> </u>	<u>Additions</u>	Ī	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Septe</u>	mber 30, 2015
Business-type Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	242,856	\$	-	\$	-	\$	242,856
Other capital assets being depreciated:								
Distribution systems		2,262,212		7,110		-		2,269,322
Buildings and improvements		1,027,964		91,286		(5,160)		1,114,090
Equipment		1,314,256		77,750		(208,428)		1,183,578
Total other capital assets at								
historical cost		4,604,432		176,146		(213,588)		4,566,990
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Distribution systems		(1,107,552)		(47,467)		-		(1,155,019)
Buildings and improvements		(475,015)		(28,024)		3,569		(499,470)
Equipment		(875,365)		(117,114)		199,784		(792,695)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,457,932)		(192,605) *		203,353		(2,447,184)
Other capital assets, net		2,146,500		(16,459)		(10,235)		2,119,806
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$	2,389,356	\$	(16,459)	\$	(10,235)	\$	2,362,662

* Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Gas	\$ 13,182
Water	54,569
Sewer	28,509
Trash	60,771
Electric	4,431
Golf	27,315
RV Park	3,828
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ <u>192,605</u>

6. Accounts Payable

Payables in the general, other governmental, and proprietary funds are primarily composed of payables to vendors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. <u>Long-term Debt</u>

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2015:

Type of Debt	Balance at October 1, 2014	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance at September 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds and notes payable	\$ 2,611,560	\$ 199,902	\$ (141,860)	\$ 2,669,602	\$ 154,103
Business-type Activities: Bonds and notes payable	\$ 598,639	\$ -	\$ (136,670)	\$ 461,969	\$ 137,673

Governmental Activities

As of September 30, 2015, the governmental long-term liabilities consisted of the following:

Bonds and notes payable:

General obligation swimming pool bonds, Series 2014, with an original issue amount of \$1,885,000. Interest rates range from 0.35 percent to 3.80 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2034. Paid by the General Fund.

\$ 1,800,000

Various purpose bonds, Series 2013, with an original issue amount of \$510,000. Interest rates range from 0.45 percent to 2.85 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through April 15, 2028. Paid by the Street Fund.

450,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Governmental Activities, continued

Bonds and notes payable, continued:

The City entered into a loan agreement with the State of Nebraska Department of Aeronautics for the repayment of funds borrowed under the State of Nebraska Department of Aeronautics Revolving Hangar Loan Program. The State loaned the City \$145,600 to be repaid over a period of 180 months at \$810 per month. Paid by the Airport Fund.

51,840

General obligation paving bonds, Series 2011, with an original issue amount of \$225,000. Interest rates range from 0.50 percent to 4.15 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through September 1, 2026. Paid by the Street Fund.

170,000

On November 21, 2014, the City entered into an agreement with Community Bank for the purpose of purchasing a mower. The original loan was \$7,902. Principal and interest at 2.40 percent are due in monthly payments of \$228 through November 20, 2017 Paid by the General Fund.

5,762

On September 14, 2015, the City entered into an agreement with Banner Capital Bank for the purpose of building a pool slide. The original loan was \$192,000. Principal and interest at 2.99 percent are due in annual payments of \$22,500 through September 14, 2021 with a balloon payment of \$86,123 due September 14, 2022. Paid by the General Fund.

192,000

\$ 2,669,602

Total governmental activities bonds and notes payable

Current portion\$ 154,103Noncurrent portion2.515.499Total\$ 2.669.602

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. Long-term Debt, continued

Business-type Activities

Current portion

Noncurrent portion

Total

As of September 30, 2015, the long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Bonds and notes payable:

Water refunding bonds, series 2014, with an original issue amount of \$171,000. Interest at 0.85 percent is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through July 15, 2018. Paid by the Water Fund.	\$ 128,000
On January 15, 2013, the City entered into an agreement with Banner County Bank for the purpose of purchasing trash equipment. The original loan was \$374,955. Principal and interest at 1.95 percent are due in monthly payments of \$6,568 through January 28, 2018. Paid by the Trash Fund.	179,173
On July 19, 2004, the City entered into an agreement with Community Bank for the purpose of building a clubhouse. The original loan was \$255,000. Principal and interest at 3.00 percent are due in semi-annual payments of \$9,830 through June 19, 2022. Paid by the Golf Fund.	122,390
On February 6, 2014, the City entered into an agreement with First State Bank for the purpose of building a maintenance shed. The original loan was \$40,000. Principal and interest at 4.47 percent are due in annual payments of \$4,969 through September 1, 2023. Paid by the Golf Fund.	32,406
Total business-type activity bonds and notes payable	\$ <u>461,969</u>

\$ 137,673

\$ 461,969

324,296

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. Long-term Debt, continued

Annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of September 30, 2015, are as follows:

Government	al Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities
Principal Interest		<u>Principal</u>	Interest
\$ 154,103	\$ 68,455	\$ 137,673	\$ 8,864
154,668	67,003	139,054	6,126
152,946	65,217	92,111	3,916
153,028	63,020	21,861	2,768
158,575	60,455	22,543	2,086
791,282	245,541	48,727	2,134
640,000	141,763	-	-
465,000	43,635		
\$ 2,669,602	\$ 755,089	\$ 461,969	\$ 25,894
	Principal \$ 154,103 154,668 152,946 153,028 158,575 791,282 640,000 465,000	\$ 154,103 \$ 68,455 154,668 67,003 152,946 65,217 153,028 63,020 158,575 60,455 791,282 245,541 640,000 141,763 465,000 43,635	Principal Interest Principal \$ 154,103 \$ 68,455 \$ 137,673 \$ 154,668 67,003 \$ 139,054 \$ 152,946 65,217 \$ 92,111 \$ 153,028 63,020 \$ 21,861 \$ 158,575 60,455 \$ 22,543 \$ 791,282 \$ 245,541 \$ 48,727 \$ 640,000 \$ 141,763 \$ - \$ 465,000 \$ 43,635 \$ -

8. <u>Interfund Balances and Transactions</u>

Operating transfers:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 503,838	\$ 494,162
Street Fund	13	-
Airport Fund	76,501	-
Nonmajor Funds	20,000	-
Gas Fund	-	39,785
Trash Fund	39,685	-
Electric Fund	-	177,593
Golf Fund	90,280	17,833
RV Park Fund		944
Total operating transfers	\$ <u>730,317</u>	\$ <u>730,317</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

8. <u>Interfund Balances and Transactions, continued</u>

Interfund balances relate to negative pooled cash balances in the Golf Fund. The Golf Fund owed the Gas Fund \$4,432 at September 30, 2015.

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES

1. <u>Employee Pension Plans</u>

The City of Alma has a contributory defined contribution employees' pension plan in which the employees of the City participate. Eligible employees may contribute up to the maximum allowed by law and the City matches up to five percent. Employees are eligible to participate after they have attained the age of 21 and are considered full-time employees.

All employees are fully vested in their own contributions and become vested in the City's contribution after five years' participation in the plan.

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City's total payroll and covered payroll under the plan was \$564,355 and \$411,406, respectively. Both the City's contribution of \$20,037 and the covered employees' contribution of \$25,825 were made for the year ended September 30, 2015.

2. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The City purchases commercial insurance to minimize the effect of possible exposure to these risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. During the past three fiscal years, there have been no settlements exceeding the amount of the City's insurance coverage.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

2. Risk Management, continued

Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the underlying securities for the City's investments at September 30, 2015, are held by the counterparties not in the name of the City. The underlying securities consist of cash, certificates of deposit, and insured money market funds.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that market conditions and investment securities be analyzed to determine the maximum yield to be obtained and to minimize the impact of rising interest rates. The certificate of deposit maturities are as follows:

Maturities by Month	<u>Amount</u>
October 2015	\$ 100,000
March 2016	80,000
April 2016	140,000
October 2016	100,000
July 2016	50,000
July 2017	100,000
	\$ 570,000

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investments consist of certificates of deposit and money market funds, minimizing credit risk associated with the City's investment portfolio.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

2. Risk Management, continued

Deposits and Investments, continued

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At September 30, 2015, the City's investments and certificates of deposit consisted of the following:

Financial Institution	<u>Amount</u>		
First State Bank	\$	250,000	
Banner Capital Bank		240,000	
Community Bank		80,000	
Totals	\$	570,000	

Foreign Currency Risk. This risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. The City's investments had no exposure to foreign currency risk and the City held no investments denominated in foreign currency at September 30, 2015.

3. Commitments and Contingencies

Leases

On December 13, 2013, the City entered into a five year lease for a copier from Eakes Office Plus. Rent of \$195 is due monthly through December 2018.

Rent expense was \$2,335 for the year ended September 30, 2015. The following payments are due under the leases:

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2016	\$ 2,335
2017	2,335
2018	2,335
2019	584
2020	 -
	\$ 7,589

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2015

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

3. Commitments and Contingencies, continued

Construction Commitments

The City's governmental activities had the following construction commitments as of September 30, 2015:

		Paid		Expected
	Contract	Through	Obligation	Completion
<u>Project</u>	<u>Amount</u>	9/30/2015	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Date</u>
Airport hangar/terminal	\$ 122,236	\$ 61,036	\$ 61,200	Summer 2016
Swimming pool/parking lot	248,947		248,947	Summer 2016
Total	\$ 371,183	\$ 61,036	\$ 310,147	

4. Interlocal Agreements

The City had the following interlocal agreements in effect as of September 30, 2015:

Parties to Agreement	<u>Term</u>	Description
Harlan County	October 1, 2014 - September 30, 2015	Agreement for law enforcement
Alma Public School	September 2012 - September 2022	Educational recreational facilities

5. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 5, 2016, the date on which the financial statements were available for issue.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	Budget (Original)	Budget (<u>Final</u>)	Actual	Ac (U	ariances - etual Over nder) Final Budget
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 288,200	\$ 288,200	\$ 288,962	\$	762
Motor vehicle	20,000	20,000	23,821		3,821
Sales	200,000	200,000	236,161		36,161
Franchise	2,500	2,500	1,667		(833)
Intergovernmental	57,881	57,881	84,589		26,708
Licenses and permits	5,660	5,660	5,759		99
Charges for services	10,000	10,000	12,401		2,401
Rent	5,600	5,600	7,336		1,736
Grants and contributions	191,000	191,000	22,476		(168,524)
Interest income	4,060	4,060	5,450		1,390
Loan proceeds	9,800	201,800	199,902		(1,898)
Other	 2,800	 2,800	 6,347		3,547
Total resources	797,501	989,501	894,871		(94,630)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)					
General government	262,681	287,681	270,957		(16,724)
Public safety	73,516	73,516	66,620		(6,896)
Public works	10,830	10,830	11,434		604
Environment and leisure	214,045	274,045	223,038		(51,007)
Economic development	12,300	12,300	22,893		10,593
Capital outlay	1,256,020	1,871,020	1,748,208		(122,812)
Principal payments on debt	88,300	88,300	87,140		(1,160)
Interest payments on debt	 44,308	 44,308	 44,446		138
Total charges to appropriations	1,962,000	2,662,000	2,474,736		(187,264)
Resources over (under) charges					
to appropriations	(1,164,499)	(1,672,499)	(1,579,865)		92,634
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Net transfers	 143,500	 143,500	 9,676		(133,824)
RESOURCES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$ (1,020,999)	\$ (1,528,999)	\$ (1,570,189)	\$	(41,190)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - STREET FUND

	Budget (Original and <u>Final</u>)		<u>Actual</u>		Variances - Actual Over (Under) Final <u>Budget</u>	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)						
Motor vehicle tax	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$	(25,000)
Sales tax		35,000		76,929		41,929
Intergovernmental		140,353		142,232		1,879
Other income				2,439		2,439
Total resources		200,353		221,600		21,247
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)						
Public works		161,587		130,742		(30,845)
Capital outlay		35,115		23,991		(11,124)
Principal payments on debt		45,000		45,000		-
Interest payments on debt		17,475		14,802		(2,673)
Total charges to appropriations		259,177		214,535		(44,642)
Resources over (under) charges to						
appropriations		(58,824)		7,065		65,889
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Net transfers				13		13
RESOURCES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) CHARGES						
TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$	(58,824)	\$	7,078	\$	65,902

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - AIRPORT FUND

	Budget (Original and <u>Final</u>)		<u>Actual</u>	Variances - Actual Over (Under) Final <u>Budget</u>		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS) Charges for services	\$	22,000	\$	25,940	\$	3,940
Rent		11,225	·	15,239	·	4,014
Grant income		108,000		127,496		19,496
Other income		_		200		200
Total resources		141,225		168,875		27,650
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS						
(OUTFLOWS) Operating expenditures		34,560		44,333		9,773
Capital outlay		129,000		44,333 151,404		9,773 22,404
Principal payments on debt		9,720		9,720		-
Timesput payments on deor	-	7,720		7,720		
Total charges to appropriations		173,280		205,457		32,177
Resources over (under) charges to appropriations		(32,055)		(36,582)		(4,527)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Net transfers		28,500		76,501		48,001
RESOURCES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$	(3,555)	\$	39,919	\$	43,474

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenue and Expenditures

	General <u>Fund</u>		Street <u>Fund</u>		Airport <u>Fund</u>	
Sources/inflows of resources:						
Actual amounts of resources (budgetary basis) from						
the budgetary comparison schedules	\$	894,871	\$	221,600	\$	168,875
Differences - budget to GAAP:						
Cash to accrual adjustments		246		(3,703)		(1,870)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of						
revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund						
balances - governmental funds	\$	895,117	\$	217,897	\$	167,005
Uses/outflows of resources:						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges						
to appropriations" from the budgetary						
comparison schedules	\$	2,474,736	\$	214,535	\$	205,457
Differences - budget to GAAP:						
Cash to accrual adjustments		8,982		1,761		(697)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement						
of revenues, expenditures, and changes in						
fund balances - governmental funds	\$	2,483,718	\$	216,296	\$	204,760



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2015

		Special Rev					
					Total Nonmajor		
			Hosp	oital Bond	Governmental		
	<u>C</u>	<u>CDBG</u>	<u>S</u>	inking	<u>]</u>	<u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,880	\$	64,265	\$	78,145	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fund balances:							
Restricted for:							
Federal programs		13,880		-		13,880	
Hospital bond debt service				64,265		64,265	
Total fund balances		13,880		64,265		78,145	
Total liabilities and fund	·		·				
balances	\$	13,880	\$	64,265	\$	78,145	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

		Special Rev				
	<u>(</u>	CDBG	Hospital Bond <u>Sinking</u>		Gov	Nonmajor ernmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES						
Interest income	\$	13	\$	82	\$	95
Loan collections		1,615		-		1,615
Total revenues		1,628		82		1,710
EXPENDITURES						
General government		20		-		20
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures		1,608		82		1,690
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers to other funds				20,000		20,000
Net change in fund balances		1,608		20,082		21,690
Fund balances - September 30, 2014		12,272		44,183		56,455
Fund balances - September 30, 2015	\$	13,880	\$	64,265	\$	78,145

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -

GENERAL FUND DEPARTMENTS

	Administrative		Fire		Police		Shop	
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
General property tax	\$	226,774	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Motor vehicle tax		23,821		-		-		=
Sales tax		167,948		-		-		=
Franchise		1,667		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue:								
State assistance		76,495		-		-		=
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Grants and donations		250		10,854		-		-
Licenses and permits		5,759		-		-		=
Rent		4,066		-		-		=
Interest income		5,387		63		-		-
Bond proceeds		-		-		-		-
Other receipts		2,572		-		-		-
Total revenues		514,739		10,917		-		-
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel services:								
Salaries and benefits		140,022		3,465		-		-
Operating expenses:								
Law enforcement		-		-		41,616		-
Insurance		5,139		5,548		-		913
Professional fees		41,946		-		-		-
Fuel and transportation		-		1,337		-		-
Meetings, seminars, and dues		2,952		-		-		-
Repairs and maintenance	27,785			7,727		-		2,457
Printing, postage, and publications		308		-		-		-
Utilities and telephone		4,108		4,865				6,941
Total operating expenses		82,238		19,477		41,616		10,311
Supplies		5,245		1,122		-		765
Other expenses		66,127		1,070		-		52
Capital outlay		20,182		18,309		-		-
Principal payments on debt		-		-		-		-
Interest payments		-		_		-		
Total expenditures		313,814		43,443		41,616		11,128
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures before transfers		200,925		(32,526)		(41,616)		(11,128)
TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS		(296,156)		60,400		41,616		12,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(95,231)	\$	27,874	\$	_	\$	872

Community Building		Park	Pool		Pool Sinking		Recreation		Library		Pheasant Ridge Trail		Total	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	64,489	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	291,263
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		23,821
	-	-		66,158		-		-		-		-		234,106
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,667
	-	-		7,251		-		-		843		-		84,589
	-	-		10,481		-		-		1,920		-		12,401
	-	-		3,350		-		-		8,022		-		22,476
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		5,759
	3,270	-		-		-		-		-		-		7,336
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		5,450
	-	7,902		192,000		-		-		-		-		199,902
	1,662			104		500		-		1,509				6,347
	4,932	7,902		343,833		500		-		12,294		-		895,117
	-	14,466		37,468		-		-		47,041		-		242,462
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		41,616
	3,503	2,765		3,517		-		1,801		2,444		-		25,630
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		41,946
	-	1,466		-		-		14		-		-		2,817
	-	-		40		-		-		203		-		3,195
	14,170	7,849		9,331		-		6,939		11,175		-		87,433
	-	-		137		-		-		204		-		649
	8,898	6,704		3,320				5,749		4,577		2,429		47,591
	26,571	18,784		16,345		-		14,503		18,603		2,429		250,877
	1,431	2,040		7,122		-		38		13,136		-		30,899
	-	111		4,484		-		-		3,582		-		75,426
	-	7,891		1,655,305		46,521		-		-		-		1,748,208
	-	2,140		85,000		-		-		-		-		87,140
		138		48,568										48,706
	28,002	45,570		1,854,292		46,521	_	14,541		82,362		2,429		2,483,718
	(23,070)	(37,668)		(1,510,459)		(46,021)		(14,541)		(70,068)	(2,429)		(1,588,601)
	22,750	37,233		62,510		_		15,600		51,023		2,700		9,676
	22,130	31,233		02,310				15,000	-	31,023		2,700	-	9,070
\$	(320)	\$ (435)	\$	(1,447,949)	\$	(46,021)	\$	1,059	\$	(19,045)	\$	271	\$	(1,578,925)



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alma, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alma, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Alma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

SHAREHOLDERS

Robert D. Almquist Phillip D. Maltzahn Terry T. Galloway Marcy J. Luth Heidi A. Ashby Christine R. Shenk Michael E. Hoback Joseph P. Stump

1203 W 2nd Street PO Box 1407 Grand Island, NE 68802 Ph. 308-381-1810 Fax 308-381-4824 Email: cpa@gicpas.com Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described below that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Segregation of Duties

Due to limited number of personnel, there is not adequate segregation of duties to ensure internal control over cash receipts, disbursements, and recording of transactions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Alma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Alma's Response to Findings

The City of Alma's response to the findings identified in our audit is that due to the small size of the City, it is impractical to further segregate duties. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gollowy & Luth, P.C.

Almquist, Maltale

Grand Island, Nebraska February 5, 2016